Bellefonte Republican

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {25 Cts for the Campaign

VOL. XX. BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 19, 1888. NO 29

To Correspondents.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

National Ticket.

For President,
BENJAMIN HARRISON,
of Indiana.

For Vice President,
LEVI P. MORTON,
of New York.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE,
JAMES T. MITCHELL, of Philadelphia.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS,
AT LARGE—LEWIS PUGHE.....Lackawanna.
THOMAS DOLAN...Philadelphia.

1 John H. Taggart.	15 John H. Grant.
2 John Wannamaker.	16 Wilson C. Kress.
3 Robert P. John.	17 David W. Clark.
4 Wm. C. Hamilton.	18 G. W. Hutchinson.
5 John S. McKinley.	19 John C. Lower.
6 Jos. R. T. Coats	20 Jeremiah K. Miller
7 William S. Ellis.	21 George J. Elliott.
8 Edgar Pinchot.	22 Harry S. Paul.
9 Samuel L. Kurtz.	23 George Shires, Jr.
10 Not Reported.	24 P. S. Newye.
11 William Connell.	25 John W. Wallace.
12 Wm G. Payne.	26 J. C. Sturtevant.
13 Peter E. Buck.	27 Joseph Thos. Jones.
16 Henry M. Bechtel.	28 L. M. Truxal.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

"Coal Oil Johnny" is dead again, this time on a railroad track with a hole in his head.

This country has no use for assisted immigrants. We have plenty and to spare here now.

General Hartranft has been elected one of the managers of the National Soldiers' Home.

Senator Matthew Quay has been chosen chairman of the National Republican Committee.

The bet published in the last week's issue of the *Watchman* was accepted before it appeared in that paper.

The man who keeps his temper during this campaign will have few regrets when the battle of the ballots is over.

Mr. Randall's illness continues very serious. In his extremity he has the sincere sympathy of men of both parties.

A pardon has been granted to George Bumm, of Philadelphia, convicted of conspiracy to defraud the Shackamoxon Bank.

There is no way of competing with foreign nations in manufactures unless our workmen live as cheaply as they do there.

Senators Hoar and Dolph made strong arguments against the ratification of the fisheries treaty in the Senate last week.

Unless Boulanger's duel with the French premier brings him a little fleeting popular favor his case is a hopeless one.

President Cleveland believes it to be wrong to be a candidate for a second term for President, but he goes ahead in wrong-doing.

The senate and house are in a deadlock over the river and harbor bill. The country will lose little if the deadlock continues indefinitely.

The grand council of the independent labor party of the United States met at Detroit on Monday and endorsed Harrison and Morton.

The year 1888 will be memorable in history as the period when the people of the United States sat down upon the vicious theory of free trade.

The chief recommendation for service on the Democratic National Executive Committee this year is that the member shall be a millionaire.

The Republicans of the House are disposed to sweeten their coffee with free sugar.—*Watchman.* Yes, and will permit the Democrats to do the same.

General Sheridan is improving at Nonquitt. Nonquitt, you know, is French for the assertion that the General will not quit this round world for a while yet.

"The war cannot be fought over by our opponent with any hope of success," says the *Centre Democrat.* Oh, no; you said the war was a failure the first time it was fought.

We are pleased to announce that Mr. C. T. Fryberger, of Philipsburg, permits his name to be used in connection with the Republican nomination for Assembly. He will be strong with the convention and with the people.

CLEVELAND AS A "FREE TRADER."

The Mills bill is an electioneering makeshift. Its provisions are arranged to catch votes. It has been modified and will be modified at every turn to suit the changing conditions of a presidential campaign. President Cleveland's message is the real platform of the Democratic party. It is sometimes called "moderate" by those who are ignorant, and by those who are both quick tempered and ignorant objection is made to calling it a "Free-trade" message.

Yet, it is proposed to sweep away four fifths of the Protection now enjoyed by American manufacturers. Three fourths of the reduction in the revenue, it made on the duties protecting American labor. It went farther in the direction of Free Trade than any tariff ever enacted in this country. But a trifling change would have been needed under its provisions to leave nothing of the Protective system. If its recommendations were made law the land would be swept by a panic which would leave no manufacturing firm or company standing.

President Cleveland, to give him credit, left no doubt of his meaning. His message is clear, explicit and precise. He dealt not with a "theory," but a "condition." This was a surplus which he estimated at $113,000,000. The reduction of this surplus by reducing the revenue by this amount was, as he said, "the simple and plain duty which we owe the people." Now the federal revenue is not an abstraction. It is not a "theory." It is a known sum. For 1887, the fiscal year just before the message, it was $371,403,277. The only way to reduce the revenue and to remove the surplus is to deal with this sum. It is made up of three parts—customs, $217,286,983; internal revenue, $118,823,391, and miscellaneous receipts, $35,292,993. No one proposes to touch miscellaneous receipts.

This leaves $336,110,284 of receipts on which all the reduction must be made to wipe out a surplus of $113,000,000, or as it has proved in the year just closed $110,239,487. This reduction could not be made on the internal revenue, for, said President Cleveland:

It must be conceded that none of the things subjected to internal revenue taxation are, strictly speaking, necessaries; there appears to be no just complaint of this taxation by the consumers of these articles and there seems to nothing so well able to bear the burden without hardship to any portion of our people.

This settles any reduction on any portion of the $118,823,391 raised in 1887 by internal revenue taxation. It leaves all the cut to be made on customs. "It is not proposed," said the President, "to entirely relieve the country of this taxation." But this taxation is again not a "theory." It was, in 1887, $217,286,893, raised on specific articles. These fall into broad classes. "The taxation of luxuries presents no hardship," said the President. Plainly, he would not reduce them. The report of the Democratic Chief of the Bureau of Statistics gives the imports of "articles of voluntary use and luxuries, etc.," as $89,848,790 in value in 1887. These articles paid the following duty, every penny of it levied on luxuries:

Silk	$15,540,306
Tobacco	9,127,758
Liquor	7,402,242
Jewelry	1,162,300
Embroideries, cotton	2,267,249
Laces, cotton	1,997,270
Embroideries and laces, flax	342,742
Fancy articles	2,949,360
Art works	277,771
Musical instruments	403,470
	$41,770,462

President Cleveland would not reduce this duty a dollar and this leaves all his reduction of $113,000,000, to be made on the remainder of the custom duties, or $175,516,431. But of this $58,016,686 is paid on sugar. President Cleveland does not propose any reduction here. If he had proposed to take off this duty and the internal revenue tax on tobacco, which in 1887 returned $30,108,067, he would have had nine-tenths of all the reduction needed without troubling a manufactured article. But sugar is a Southern product. Its duty, 78 per cent ad valorem, one of the highest on the list, is called by every "revenue reformer" a "revenue" duty. Clearly, the President does not propose to touch it, and its amount must be laid aside and substracted from customs revenues.

This leaves $117,499,754 of revenue raised directly for Protection, and it is out of this that President Cleveland proposes to make all his reduction of $113,000,000. When this is done there is nothing left. Granted that he would be ready to accept the 20 per cent reduction in sugar proposed by the Mills bill, or about $12,000,000, and there still remains all the remaining reduction to be made on the sum directly imposed as a Protection on raw materials and manufactured articles. Twist as one may, if the internal revenue is retained complete, the Protection afforded by the tariff must be cut clean away unless sugar is removed bodily. The problem is as clear as it is simple. It is a "condition," not a "theory." The customs revenue is made up of three great groups, as follows:

Luxuries	$41,770,462
Sugar	58,016,686
Raw materials and manufactures	117,499,745
Total	$217,286,893

As long as two and two make four there is no possible way in which the surplus can be met by a reduction of $113,000,000 without cutting away nearly one-half the third item. Now no one has ever proposed a larger reduction on sugar of more than one-half. Even if this were done, there still must be $81,000,000, or 70 per cent, cut away from the third item.

Practically this would sweep away the Protective system. It would be Free Trade.

Means Free Trade.

The President himself, who is the official interpreter of the platform jugglers of 1884 and 1888, has denounced the present tariff laws as "vicious, inequitable and illogical," and identified himself with the free trade cause.

Democracy means free trade. This is the understanding of the English press, and it is well informed in the matter. The party, which in 1856 and 1860 under Southern leadership declared for "progressive free trade throughout the world," demanded in 1876 and 1880 "a tariff for revenue only." The Southern oligarchy, which in the Confederate Constitution prohibited any form of tariff protection for home industries, is in the saddle once more, ruling the country and "raiding" American manufactures in the interest of free trade. Hostility to the protective system and sympathy for free trade are disclosed in every Democratic page of the official record of the tariff debate. Mr. Hooker, of Mississippi, spoke for his party when he declared, in response to Mr. McComas's challenge, that no Democrat had uttered and no Democrat could utter a word in favor of the protective tariff system which discriminates in favor of the home producer and labor. Democracy means free trade—this and nothing less.

William L. Scott is reported as saying that he would rather pay $100,000 into the campaign fund than serve as chairman of the committee to which he has been assigned. He feels keenly the snub he received from Cleveland after what he did for him at Harrisburg and St. Louis. The President objected to Scott being made Chairman of the National Committee, and it was this action which no doubt made him say some time ago that he was "out of politics." Cleveland is noted for his selfishness, and after using a man to promote his interests he has a habit of turning and kicking him when he has got out of him all he wanted. Scott was his last victim, and we are not surprised at his reluctance to serve as Chairman of the Executive Committee.

"The present depression in the iron trade is entirely due to this meddling with the tariff, and if it is continued it will ruin the country." This is what Hon. Orange Noble, of Erie, a leading Democrat of the State, who recently announced his intention to support Harrison and Morton, says. We commend his utterances to the careful consideration of every man who has sufficient pride in his country to desire her prosperity and welfare in preference to that of overcrowded countries of Europe.

The assumption that all honesty and patriotism is monopolized by this party or that is revolting to the intelligence of the American people.—*Centre Democrat.*

The assumption is rather hard on the Democratic party, but it seems to be true, for haven't you all along accused the Republican party of being the great monopolizer? It enjoys a monopoly of such virtues as honest and patriotism.

The *Centre Democrat* says that the issue is the reduction of monopoly tariff. Oh no; you endorsed Cleveland's message, which pronounced all but a revenue tariff as vicious. Now, aren't you sorry you did it?

WHAT THE MILLS BILL WILL DO.

The Democrats in the House have agreed upon a tariff bill in secret, without consultation with Republican members or with any representatives of Northern manufacturing industry; they have agreed to follow no amendment to that bill, however fair and reasonable it may be, which is not dictated by Mr. Mills or his associates; they have agreed to rush the bill through with as little discussion as possible; but fortunately, under our form of government, it is impossible for them to rush it through entirely without giving the other side an opportunity to be heard.

Mr. Phelps, of New Jersey, brought out with great clearness, the essentially un American and tyrannical nature of the policy the democrats have adopted in relation to the bill, and then followed with a demonstration that the bill, if it becomes a law, will not reduce the surplus, will lower the wages of American workmen or throw them out of employment altogether, and will compel some manufacturers to ship their machinery to Europe and close their establishments here.

One of the larger manufacturing establishments in Paterson is that of Mr. William Barbour, who makes linen thread. He has an establishment of a similar sort in Ireland where he employs 2,900 operatives. The pay rolls of his Irish establishment and of the American are about the same in amount, although in Patterson there are only 1,400 operatives. In other words, the wages here are twice what they are abroad. The finer grades of thread are made in Ireland, and on the importation of those, at 40 per cent., a duty of about $60,000 yearly is now paid. If the duty is reduced as proposed by the Mills bill, from 40 to 20 per cent., Mr. Barbour says he shall be compelled to close his Paterson mills, ship his machinery to Ireland and conduct his business there. The duty then, at 25 per cent., on all the thread, will amount to about $150,000, or two and one-half times what it is now under a 40 per cent. tariff. The 1,400 operatives in Paterson will be thrown out of work entirely.

This is only a sample case. The democrats say they want to reduce the surplus. The Mills bill will not do that. They say they do not want to lower wages or throw workmen out of employment. The Mills bill will do just that. It is useless for the purpose of surplus reduction, and suicidal as regards American industry. The workingmen of New Jersey, we imagine, will express their opinion of such a bill on election day in very plain terms.—New York *Mail and Express.*

The democrats in the House showed their colors again. As rice is grown in the Solid South, it of course needs the heaviest kind of protection; so the duty on cleaned rice is fixed at 100 per cent. by the Mills bill, and uncleaned rice is kept out altogether. Mr. Mills is not a free trader—oh, no! He is for protection to Southern rice and Southern sugar, but Northern industries may shift for themselves.

Another of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company's delightful excursions to the Sea Shore departs from Tyrone on Thursday, the 26th. Excursion rates from Tyrone $7.65. Train leaves Tyrone at 1.30 p m. on the 26th and the excursion lasts ten days, during which the excursionist can return on any regular train.

In European countries entire families work to earn a livelihood. The husband, the wife and children go down in the mines and in many instances women are compelled to work as hod carriers. They do not do so from choice, but from necessity, and then their living is of the commonest kind.

John Mandeville, of Mitcheltown, Ireland, is a martyr to the Irish cause. Imprisoned for preventing an eviction, he was starved, stripped of his clothes and, although a giant in constitution and stature, he died from the effects of his treatment. His death should strengthen the Irish cause a hundred fold.

Mr. Parnell's scheme for an imperial British parliament seems to have terrorized the Tory and liberal unionist newspapers, most of which have failed to refer to it. But it will gain the ear of the people and will eventually command the support of a majority.

General Sheridan is not yet out of danger, though he continues to improve slowly and if no unfavorable change intervenes he will yet vanquish death.

THE DUTY OF THE HOUR.

It seems to us that, on Saturday night, the citizens failed to rise to the dignity of the occasion. We thought that the extreme emergency in which the town was placed would have led them to dive down deep into their pockets and at once provide the wherewith to purchase a steamer, and whatever else would be required. To do so would be true economy. If the expenses of the town for fire protection would be $10,000 per year for five years it would be cheaper than a continuance of such conflagrations.

To employ a patrol and a vigilance committee are among the most sensible reforms suggested and they should be carried into execution at once. Let there be no delay in this matter, but have the patrol organized before this week shall pass away.

The resolutions adopted by the Saturday night meeting were in the main excellent, and every one, except possibly the severe test proposed to be put on the pipes, should be carried out. The additional device spoken of by Mr. Shortlidge of procuring chemical engines would also be suitable for Bellefonte. Provide these also; do not hesitate because the expense would be great.

We believe there was a division of opinion in regard to whether or not the town can contract the expense required. If it can, what is to prevent the immediate investment and to meet the cost by additional taxation? The privilege of living in a safe town is inestimable. If the town cannot make such investment without the tedious process of petition to the legislature, there is no alternative than to raise a fund by private contribution and make such investment at once.

Of course, Bellefonte will in time become the laughing stock of the surrounding communities if it must so often send away for what it can so easily procure itself. We have more valuable property to protect than other communities, and need such appliances more than either Tyrone or Huntingdon, which are already supplied.

PERCENTAGE OF CHANGE IN VOTES TO SECURE VICTORY.

The Democratic victory in the last Presidential contest was gained by a very small majority vote in the states of New York, Connecticut, New Jersey and Indiana.

The percentage of change calculated by Mr. Geo. Dean, on 1,000 votes, required to guarantee Republican victory in the present campaign is much smaller than would generally be supposed. In New Jersey a change of 9 votes in 1,000; in Indiana 7; in Connecticut 5; and in New York a change of only ½ a vote in 1,000 will be sufficient gain to re-instate the Republican party.

With fair enthusiasm in the campaign work and a reasonable effort on the part of all friends of protection to American industries, this gain will assuredly be effected, and once more the "Grand Old Party" will hold the sceptre of state.

H. T.

Senator Blair is known as a meek and peacable sort of a man. Perhaps it was for that reason that fire-eating Butler, of South Carolina, ex-leader of a red shirt company of bull dozers, jumped on him with both feet, to use the language of the small boy, during the discussion of the President's vetoes of private pension bills, on Thursday. Mr. Blair dared to say that in his opinion the vetoed cases taken as a whole were cases of absolute merit, and the vetoes were outrages on the rights of American citizens That was enough. Mr. Butler in his reply said that Mr. Blair was not a gentleman; that he and the measures introduced by him, were incumbrances on the Senate, and among other things, he tried to inply that Mr. Blair lacked manly courage. Mr. Blair in a very dignified manner replied saying that whatever he was he had never been a traitor to his country, and that while he claimed no excess of courage, and never expected to be called upon to exhibit even the ordinary courage of a civilian, he would not shrink from any test to which the Senator from South Carolina might seek to subject him. People have never before thought so much of Senator Blair as they did at that moment, when by quiet dignity he had silenced the man who had insulted him.

During the month of June $1,882,000 in gold and silver were coined in the mint in San Francisco.

GENERAL NOTES.

A railroad is to be built up Mt. Hood to the snow line.

A woman has arrived at Long Branch with 128 dresses.

A window glass works is the latest enterprise in Salt Lake City.

The raisin crop of Fresno, Cal., this season is estimated at 600,000 boxes.

A Lawrence, Kan., man is going through this world with the name of Toothaker.

The skeleton of a peddler, murdered 20 years ago at Indianola, Neb., has just been discovered.

A new thing in England is a walking stick made hollow, with a place in it for holding eight or nine cigars.

There is a restaurant in New York run entirely by women, which has a few seats reserved for men customers.

Several large sharks have floated ashore near Stratford, Conn., in the last few days. How they met death is a mystery.

A wild girl is at large in forests of Cataoula parish, La. She frequents the streams and subsists almost solely on fish.

London omnibuses are to be illuminated with the electric light, the storage battery to be carried under the seat of the drivers.

Forty-five gamblers, $1,692 in money and a great amount of gamblers' paraphernalia were captured in a raid at Tacoma, W. T.

After an expenditure of three quarters of a million of dollars for machinery and prospecting, Egypt has abandoned the search for petroleum.

During 22 weeks of this year 8,126 patents were issued by the United States Patent office, but of this number only 53 were issued to women.

A woman worth some $15,000 has been committed to a Philadelphia almshouse, presumably to save the price of board for greedy heirs expectant.

A farmer was in Thomasville, Ga., one day last week trying to sell a wagon load of fine melons for 3½ cents apiece. He was offered only 3 cents.

Some of the Navajo scouts used by the Government in chasing Geronimo are reported to be robbing and murdering 30 miles East of Gallup, N. M.

A statue to Shakespeare is to be erected in one of the most conspicuous and fashionable parts of Paris, but it is at the expense of an Englishman.

The Conkling men in New York will give General Harrison a hearty support. This means several thousand votes that were cast against Mr. Blaine.

A Clinton, Iowa, baby has two grandfathers and two grandmothers, two great-grandmothers and one great-grandfather, besides parents to pet it to death.

At Wolf Island, Lake Ontario, the shore is covered with dead potatoe bugs, which have been washed up by the waves to the depth of two or three inches.

Salmon fishers at Woodbush, Dunbar, England, recently found in one of their nets a fish with the body and tail of a salmon and the head of a haddock.

The latest meteor story is one that is alleged to have fallen near Kiev, Russia, and which, when broken open, is said to have been found full of small diamonds.

A vulture, measuring 9 feet from tip to tip, was lately shot near Julien, San Diego county, California, as it was sailing away with a full-grown sheep in its claws.

By the bursting of a waterspout near Hemstead, Ky., the other day, many fields were flooded six to eight feet deep, and much damage done to stock, crops and fences.

There are 621 newspapers printed in Berlin. Fifty-four are official papers, 70 political, 165 have to do with literature, science and art, 217 are commercial, and and 30 religious.

H. H. Tucker, Jr., of Atlanta, has started from his home in that city to walk to New York. The trip is solely for pleasure, and he expects to reach his destination in four weeks.

Memphis doctors are puzzling over the case of a negro woman who died from the voluntary opening of the plates of the skull—for which they can find no warrant in laws of medicine or anatomy.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has bought 11 gray Normandy horses to haul the baggage crates between New York and Jersey City. They cost from $600 to $700 apiece, and each horse weighs in the neighborhood of 1600 pounds.

W. W. Timmons, of Willacooche, Ga., has a chicken two months old that carries around a brood of 15. This precocious feathery biped had been adopted by the mother of the 15 aforesaid, and it is now making a laudable effort to repay the kindness of the old hen.

The Salvation Army are having great success in India according to all reports. They are said to live on 20 cents a week per capita, and submit to great privations uncomplainingly, and it is also said that Commissioner Tucker, their leader, recently resigned a Government place worth $4,000 a year to join the army.

Edward True, of Fort Fairfield, Maine, has killed 73 bears but his seventy-fourth got away. Having set a trap a few days ago, he repaired to it a few days later and found the bear caught and raging wildly. He took aim and at the same time the bear made a tremendous effort, freeing himself from the trap but leaving a part of the claw. Mr. True thinks he weighed 600 pounds.

Poetry.

THE GIFT OF SEEING.

A proud and happy man is he
  All Nature's secrets knowing,
Who reads God's truths on land and sea
  And reaps contentment's sowing;
Who knows the Lord inflicts no dearth
  Without a blessing to it,
And that enjoyment of the earth
  Depends on how you view it;
That Nature's hieroglyphics traced
  On heaven, and earth and ocean,
Are objects lessons teaching truth—
  Interpreted in motion;
That all of these harmonious blend
  With no truth disagreeing,
And each its message yields to those
  Who have the gift of seeing.
So every true and perfect thing
  Yields to his soul its sweetness;
A monarch he, and more than king,
  Who knows the grand completeness.

ABOU GROVE CLEVELAND.

Abou Grove Cleveland, late of Buf-fa-lo,
Awoke one night from dreams of autumn's woe,
And saw within the moonshine of his room,
Making it sweet and like a Mugwump in bloom,
An angel writing on a gold type-writer;
Brass made Grove bold as Sullivan, the fighter,
And to the presence in his room he said,
"What writest thou?" The vision raised its head
And with a look suggestive of a snub
Answered: "The darlings of the Cobden Club."
"And am I one?" said Grover. "Nay, not so,"
Replied the vision. Clev and spake more low,
But cheerily still, and said: "I pray remember
My annual Message, written last December."
The angel wrote and vanished; then with loud hosannas,
He came next night, wild waving red bandannas,
And showed their names the Cobden Club loved best,
And lo! Grove Cleveland's name led all the rest!

HOW SHE SAYS IT.

The Boston girl—when Sol begins to glow
  And days are inconveniently warm—
Who how you stand the weather wants to know,
Puts not the question in the vulgar form.
  Adjusting in her fascinating way
The gold-rimmed glasses that assist her view,
She asks: "Is there calorie, sir, to-day
  Sufficient in the atmosphere for you?"

A GEM.

I have a wife, a gentle wife,
  Of beautiful form and face.
She sings and plays with wondrous ease,
  And dances with sweet grace.
In science high degrees she takes;
  In art full sway she owns,
And yet, alas! the pies she makes
  Are just like paving stones!

Our Story Teller.

THE MERCHANT'S TEST.

The day was yet young, when a traveler left the train at the little station at Norton and leaving directions about his baggage with the station-master, sauntered leisurely up the dusty road. He had engaged summer lodgings by letter and was seeking his destination.

"Straight ahead till you come to it."

This was the station-master's direction, so straight ahead Lucien Gaylord proceeded, till he paused to look at a *tableau vivant*, framed in flowering vines. A girl seated upon a shady porch, shelling peas. Her broad hat was pushed back, leaving exposed a face purely oval, delicate featured, creamy of complexion, with brown eyes and golden hair drawn simply back in waving bands, to fall in curls around the slender throat. Most unlike rustic beauty were the high bred face, the slender white hands, the self-possessed pose; but yet the dress was a quiet brown calico with white apron, ruffles and cuffs.

While Lucien Gaylord looked at her she raised her eyes and saw him.

He raised his hat, asking:

"Can you direct me to Miss Strong's?"

"It is here," was the answer.

And opening the gate, Lucien entered, mentally concluding that the silvery sweet voice was as deliciously refined as the face.

"I am Lucian Gaylord," he said, by way of introduction.

"My Aunt Maria's new lodger. You had better rest in the porch before I call her. It is a tiresome, sunny walk from the station."

Perfectly easy, with just sufficient cordiality in the tone for welcome, Lucien accepted the invitation and started a conversation, watching the dainty fingers shelling peas with a touch that was light yet firm.

Miss Strong appeared presently and took her new lodger to his room, asking her niece to carry her pan to the kitchen.

"For we will give you an early dinner after your long walk," she said, hospitably, bustling about to bring cool water and fresh towels.

"You sent your trunk? I will have it brought up as soon as it comes."

"May," she told her niece, "he is a gentleman, every inch of him, and handsome as a picture."

"I like his manner," May answered, washing her peas at the sink. "Shall I make a custard, auntie?"

"If you will, dear. Oh, dear, to think of Cynthia, taking this day of all others to act so."

For Cynthia, the only servant, had been detected in the act of passing spoons from the kitchen window to a villainous-looking tramp, and the pair had been handed over to the village constable.

None appearing to replace the thievish Cynthia, May was often found in the kitchen, not very efficient but willing, and succeeding in many culinary triumphs simply by obeying orders.

"I'll make a good cook of you yet," her aunt often told her, and she laughed merrily at the words.

But Lucien Gaylord, enjoying a brief summer holiday, often wished heartily that he might be permitted to live upon bread and milk, if by so doing he could keep May out of the kitchen.

Whenever she was free she found him waiting for her, and they sat in the porch, or walked in shady lanes, chatting pleasantly, gradually interested and pleased to find so much sympathy of thought and feeling that time sped only too swiftly when they were together.

He told her of his boyhood with a wealthy father, who died suddenly, leaving nothing of a once handsome fortune; of his mother who sank soon after under the pressure of sorrow and poverty; of his own position as a clerk in a wholesale house, upon a small salary.

Not until they were fast friends did he tell her all this, and a little later he told her of a new dream, a new hope, a love death only could destoy.

"Will you let me take back to my drudgery the hope that if I can conquer fortune, you will come to share it?" he asked. "Will you be my wife, love, in that future when I hope to gather about me at least comfort for home?"

He had wooed her in a straightforward, manly fashion, and she was not surprised.

She put her hand in his, promising all he asked

He went back to his desk in the autumn, but only a week later was offered a better position in the counting-house of the merchant, John Burnette.

"It is so strange," he wrote to May, "Mr. Burnette himself seems so interested in me, though I am an entire stranger to him. He watches me and promotes me rapidly, seemingly pleased with all I do. Darling, if this continues, our home will soon be secure."

It did continue.

Nearly two years had passed, when one morning Mr. Burnette called Lucien into his private office, closing the door after him.

"I am about to make a strange disclosure to you," he said gravely, "and you must weigh well what I say to you. Up to this time you have known me only as a business man; to-day I speak to you as friend to friend. I am a rich man, but I have few friends, Lucien Gaylord. Shall I count you as one?"

"You honor me," he falterd, overwhelmed with surprise.

"I am a father," Mr. Brunette said, "and my only child is a daughter, whose future has been to me a subject of deep, prayerful anxiety. I have feared that when I die the wealth I leave would make her the wife of some plausible fortune-hunter. I have feared that my business would fall to ruin in incompetent hands. Often I have hoped to meet, at some time, an honorable, upright man, to whom I could teach the secret of my business. I have prayed that when I die I might have my child under the protecting care of a husband who had not sought her for wealth, a man of pure heart and firm principle. Lucien Gaylord, I have found the man I sought. To-day you will dine with me and be introduced to Miss Burnette."

"I?"

The cry broke from Lucien's lips in such utter amazement that he thought he must dream or that his employer was insane.

"You!" was the quiet answer.

"But it is all impossible," Lucien said slowly regaining his self-possession

"Impossible? Why so, if I am willing?"

"You will think me ungrateful, presumptuous, but I cannot accede to your noble, generous plan. Faithful service, true friendship I can give you gladly, but you must seek another heir, another son-in-law. I am not free."

"You refuse my daughter?"

"I have given my love and won a heart that I could never betray."

"May I ask where?"

"My promised wife is no heiress, but a simple country maiden, lovely and gentle. I will not weary you sir, with a lover's praise, but you will let me say that I have worked for two years with the hope of winning some position that will enable me to offer a home to my wife. If you will put me in such a situation you will win my warmest gratitude, but I must not think again of the dazzling offer you have made to me."

"You refuse to be my son-in-law—my heir?"

"I refuse any offer that makes me a traitor to a pure heart that trusts me."

"It makes it harder to give you up, but if I must, at least accept my invitation to dinner and my friendship."

"Gladly, gratefully," replied Lucien Gaylord.

"At 6 o'clock, then, I shall expect you."

Was he awake?

Lucien asked himself the question more than once as he poured over his ledgers, added long columns of figures and wrote business letters.

Had John Burnette really made him the magnificent proposals still lingering in his ears?

Were they both insane?

His head was still whirling as he dressed himself and walked to the splendid mansion the rich merchant called his home.

Had all this really been placed within his grasp?

He was still musing on this when Mr. Burnette himself crossed the room.

"Have you thought better of your refusal?" he asked.

"I can only repeat it, sir. My heart, my love are no longer at my disposal."

There was a rustle of silk upon the rich carpet, a lady advancing dressed in shimmering lustrous silks, with jewels in her hair and upon her wrists.

A lady with soft brown eyes and golden curls, who was introduced as—

"My daughter Mabel, Mr. Gaylord."

But who was surely, surely, May, his own May, niece of Maria Strong, who took summer lodgers in a small country village.

Mr. Burnette had disappeared when Lucien moved his wondering eyes upon May's face, and only the lady of his true love remained.

"You will forgive me, Lucien," she said, drawing him to a seat beside her upon a sofa, "if you think I have deceived you, when I tell you how it all happened."

"My father only spoke the truth this morning when he told you my future was the only anxiety of his life. I cannot tell you of his worshipping love for me."

"When I returned from Norton I told him of your love for me—my promise to you. Knowing you loved me for myself alone, with no knowledge of my position or fortune, I begged my father to send for you at once and tell you the truth."

"But next to his child my father loves the business he has built up by his own energy and talent. He wished to be sure that it would not be ruined in the hands of his son-in-law, and I consented to his test of your capacity,

"It is no small compliment, Lucien, for him to tell me he is thoroughly satisfied, willing to trust the future of both his child and his business to you."

"But, May, are you not Miss Strong's niece?"

"I am. She is my mother's sister. Every summer I spent some weeks in Norton. Still I never have performed any menial work there, except during your visit, when there was no servant. My aunt has never left her home, and I take no finery to Norton, so that she does not at all realize how differently life is here from my life with her."

"And you, who must see so many suitors, were willing to give me the treasure of your love?"

"Ah, Lucien, love is a tyrant. He took us both under his rule in those summer days at Norton, when I was writing to papa of Aunt Maria's lodger, and he was hoping and fearing for me. But come now to the library and tell him you have reconsidered his offer, and will marry that unknown lady you refused so positively this morning."

There are two rosy children in the grand nursery, and already the fifth anniversary of May's wedding-day has passed, but there has been no regret yet in the happy home at the result of "The Merchant's Test."

Observations.

These are salad days—lettuce, watercress, dandelion and chive. Take your choice.

The gastronomically garrulous man would have us believe that clams are degenerating.

This is the season for dainty desserts—the "airy nothings" that follow the substantial afternoon dinner.

A discussion has been revived as to the health of the vegetarians compared with habitual meat eaters.

It should be remarked that there is too much cottonseed oil in hotel salads, and a superfluity of lard in restaurant ice cream.

A threatened scarcity of oranges delights travelers whose fate is always to sit in railway cars near soiled children who suck and dissect the fruit.

How to eat, after all, is often of more importance than what to eat, especially among people who deny themselves rubber overshoes in order to buy a book on social etiquette.

Blaine's Reception.

Preparations for receiving Mr. Blaine in New York harbor are being made on a grand scale and the event is likely to be one in the political history of the country. It is proposed to meet the steamer, yachts and tugs, filled with his friends and escort him to the city. From the dock to the hotel it is proposed to have a procession of clubs, and the demonstration is to end with a serenade and reception at the Union League Club in the evening. The Republican managers propose to make a grand stumping tour through the country. It is likely, however, that he will make his first speech in Maine. He is to be escorted to his home in Augusta by a delegation of Maine Republicans.

Don't worry.

"Seek peace and pursue it."

Be cheerful. "A light heart lives long."

Never despair. "Lost hope is a fatal disease."

"Work like a man, but don't be worked to death."

Spend less nervous energy each day than you make.

Don't hurry. "Too swift arrives as tardy as too slow."

Sleep and rest abundantly. Sleep is nature's benediction.

THE STEEL PEN INDUSTRY.

It Has Grown to Such Proportions that We Make All Our Own—The Number Consumed Annually.

"Every year the citizens of the United States wear out about 130,000,000 steel pens," said a prominent manufacturer to a New York reporter. "Twenty years ago most of the steel pens used in the country were imported. Now comparatively few are imported, and there are several factories in this country in which they are made in large quantities.

At present the importation of foreign pens is mainly confined to the high-priced article. It was first doubted that steel pens could be made in this country, but it was soon learned that the requisite skilled labor could be obtained for high wages, and the success of the pioneers led one manufacturer after another into the business, until now the field is pretty well occupied. Most of the work on these little instruments is done with the aid of very fine machinery worked by women and girls. The steel used is imported, because it is believed that the quality is more uniform than the American steel. This uniformity of quality is necessary, because of the very delicate tempering required in the manufacture of the pens.

"First the steel is rolled into large sheets. These are cut into strips about three inches wide. These strips are annealed—that is, they are heated to a red heat and permitted to cool gradually, so that the brittleness is all removed and the steel is soft enough to be easily worked. Then the strips are again rolled to the required thickness. It is the quick eye for color and the quick hand that fastens it that constitute the skill to determine the temper of steel. When the steel is heated for tempering it is bright. The first color that appears is straw color. This changes rapidly to a blue. The elasticity of the metal varies with the color, and is arrested at any point by instant plunging in cold water. The processes of slitting, polishing, pointing and finishing the pens are operations requiring dexterity, but by long practice the workmen and workwomen become very expert. There have been few changes of late years, and the process of manufacture is much the same as it was twenty years ago, and the prices are rather uniform, ranging from twenty-five cents to $4 per gross, according to the quality of finish. The boxes generally contain a gross. The best now in the market are of American make. Writers who buy foreign pens at fancy prices find them far inferior in durability to the American article. Persons who write continuously will wear out a good steel pen in two days."

HARRISON AND HIS RECORD.

Mr. Harrison entered the Senate at the beginning of the XLVIIth Congress in 1881, and sat till March 4, 1887. On April 27, 1885, a discussion was had in the Senate on House bill 5,804; "A bill to execute certain treaty stipulations with the Chinese." Mr. Harrison made two brief speeches on that bill, occupying only a few lines of *The Record*, and printed on pages 3,359 and 3,360 of *The Congressional Record*, XLVII Congress, first session. Mr. Harrison contended that as the treaty used the word "laborer," it was not in the power of Congress to enlarge the meaning of that word by legislation; that whatever the word "laborers" implied in the treaty, that same word would be held to have the same meaning in any law that Congress might pass. He asked Senator Grover, of Oregon, the pertinent question, whether, if he found the proposed law and the existing treaty in conflict, he would still persist in passing the law, and thus "trampling upon our treaty obligations?" To this inquiry Mr. Grover made no reply. Mr. Harrison's logic was invincible, and it was sustained by the Senate. It may be added that this position has since been maintained by every President and Secretary of State down even to Grover Cleveland and Secretary Bayard.

This record was shown by a *Tribune* correspondent to Representative Morrow, the ablest and most earnest advocate of Chinese restriction among the Pacific Coast delegation in Congress. He said;

Mr. Harrison's views on the question are entirely satisfactory to us in California. We are protectionists over there; we are more interested in knowing what is going to be done with prunes and raisins and borax and manufacturing interest generally than in inquiring what a man thought on the Chinese question in 1882. Besides, we think we have got the matter settled at last, and we certainly prefer Mr. Harrison's views of the inviolability of treaty obligations to those of Mr. Cleveland, who proposes to introduce Chinese products free of duty. The California delegation took a leading part in bringing about Mr. Harrison's nomination, and we shall give him our votes, though, of course, you know who our first choice was.

Some other features of Mr. Harrison's Congressional record were recalled with much satisfaction by Western members; for instance, his early and persistent championship of Dakota's claim to Statehood, his ringing efforts in the cause of education, his advocacy of self-government for Alaska, and his efforts to secure Mississippi river improvements.

THE TEMPERANCE PEOPLE.

Why the Nomination of Harrison Pleases the Anti-Saloon Republicans.

A Chicago special to the New York *Tribune* says: "The temperance element in the convention is particularly well pleased with General Harrison's nomination," said Albert Griffin, Chairman of the Republican anti-Saloon National Committee. "General Harrison's nomination is a great source of satisfaction to us. We could not have had a better candidate. He is a temperance plank in himself."

In explanation of this remark, Mr. Griffin read an extract from a speech delivered recently in Indiana by General Harrison. It is as follows:

I want to say this, further. There may have been a time in the past when the Republican party of Indiana had alliance with the liquor interests; but I beg to say to all who hear me to-day that when the platform of the last State Convention was read and received with cheers by the great masses who heard it, any alliance between the Republican party and the Liquor League had been severed once and forever. When this resolution fell from the lips of my friend who sits yonder, Mr. Halford, of the *Journal*, as chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, a trumpet was sounded that will never call retreat. (Applause.) Why? Simply for the reason I have already given; the Liquor League is an organization framed to defy the law, and therefore we are against it and it is against us. (Applause.)

"You see," added Mr. Griffin, "he is sound on the liquor question and is with us heart and soul."

When the young writer reads the reviews of his first work he often finds it is a guyed book instead of a novel.

The new Chief Justice has eight daughters. How judicially appropriate! His home in Washington will be a court house.

A spruce young fellow is often pop'lar with the ladies. Yes, they pine and go fir him. It is in order for the next man to say "oak come off!"

Very often the man who "boils with indignation" one day simmers with regret the next morning, especially if his wrath be put in cold type.

Down on the seashore a single wave from a pretty woman's handkerchief will attract more attention than all the waves of old ocean put together.

"Papa, where's atoms?" "Atoms?" I don't know, my boy. You mean Athens, probably." "No, I mean atoms; the place where everything is blown to."

"If a man and a half throw a bootjack and a half at a cat ann a half under his window and a half every night and a half, how many will he kill in a week?"

Omaha man—Why don't you go to St. Louis? I hear the bricklayers are getting $5 a day down there. Bricklayers—I was there. It don't pay. "Don't pay?" "No, they dock you 50 cents an hour for time lost by sunstroke."

The Charming Mrs. Morton.

Not Mrs. Harrison only is accorded high rank as a charming woman, but Mrs. Morton, the wife of the Vice Presidential candidate, has a deserved rank for grace, cultivation and true womanly qualities. Among the delegates who visited her husband to inform him of his nomination were a number of ladies, seeing whom Mrs. Morton advanced to the front of the piazza and welcomed them. Her manner was, like her face, charming. Her dress was a green foulard, trimmed with white lace. Around her waist was a girdle of dark blue velvet. Clasping the lace about her throat was a small brooch, upon the face of which were the words "Good luck." The two words were spelled with letters made of diamonds. Mrs. Morton's residence abroad has added to her native grace much that is charming in her manner and conversation.

TO KEEP FLIES AWAY.

The San Francisco *Medical Journal* says it is stated that oil of bay is used in Switzerland by butchers to keep their shops free from flies, and that after a coat of the oil has been applied to the walls none of these troublesome pests venture to put in an appearance. This remedy has also been tried and found effectual in the south of France in preserving gilt frames, chandeliers, etc., from becoming soiled. It is remarked that flies soon avoid the rooms where this application has been employed.

Dr. Theel, the celebrated Specialist, has yet to find an equal in curing nervous, kidney, blood, skin and special diseases. His superior power of healing is due to his complete practical knowledge of allopathic, homœopathic and eclectic systems of medicine. All persons should consult him personally or by letter at his office, 538 North Fourth St., Philada., Pa.

ALL SORTS.

Hum, sweet hum—The beehive.

Loud shoes—Those that squeak badly.

The latest thing out—Generally your match.

The home stretch—A nap on the lounge.

Two for a scent—A pair of bloodhounds.

Avoid passion and excitement. A moment's passion may be fatal.

A tiger weighing 280 pounds can carry off a horse weighing 1,000 pounds.

Milk River, Montana, is probably so called because of the water it contains. —*Puck*

A St. Louis burglar stayed so long in a house to eat maple syrup that he was caught.

Protection to American industries is the motto of the Republican party this glorious year, 1888.

Strawberries are always quoted at so much "per box." This is well. The box should not be overlooked.

If you want to make the printer happy, step in and pay him that small bill you owe for subscription.

"Putty is one of the season's fashionable shades, and if there is anything in a name it is bound to stick.

Benjamin Leight, of Altoona, Pa., was made deaf and dumb by a lightning stroke, and remained so for more than 12 hours.

At Wallingford, Conn., a big pointer dog was caught trying to bury alive his rival—a small spaniel—of whom he was insanely jealous.

Wife—John, do you know if the Rev. Dr. Jones' church will be open next Sunday? Husband, [absent-minded]—Yes, the side-door will.

Samuel Boyer, of Liverpool, O., fell dead Sunday, as a fit finale to a six-weeks' drunk, in which he had consumed just 48 gallons of whisky.

Freight handlers at Scranton, Pa., the other day, had a fine fight over a 50-pound wild cat that by some odd chance had got among the empty barrels of a car.

A Georgia local paper tells of a woman down there who has a regular hen-and-a-half breed of chickens, as the egg of one of them brought a chick with four legs.

In China there are over 400 species of plants used for food, and in the world probably ten times that number. Sawdust in Sweden is used in bread and found digestible.

Frank Hurd really acts as if he wanted the Congressional nomination again in his old Ohio district this year; and the Republicans of Toledo hope that he will get it.

Customer (to Mr. Isaacstein): "The coat is about three sizes too big." Mr. Isaacstein (impressively): "Mine frent, dat coat make you so proud you vill grow into it."—*Life.*

As a cure for a cold the doctor told a man to put a mustard plaster on his chest. The man said he hadn't a chest in the house and asked if a carpetbag wouldn't do just as well.

"When I look at the congregation," said a London preacher, "I say, 'Where are the poor?" When I count the offertory in the vestry I say, 'Where are the rich?"—*Living Church.*

It is rather tough on a doctor's son to be named William and have to sneak through the elysium of youth under the opprobrious title of "the doctor's Bill."—*Burlington Free Press.*

Delaware's fruit exchanges protest against the arrest of tramps coming into the peninsula, as they think they will all be needed to help pick the enormous peach crop now on the trees.

In Ohio: Judge (to small boy on witness stand)—Little boy, do you know where you'll go to if you swear to what is not true?" Small boy—Yes, sir; I'll go to the Legislature. That's what my pa did.

Little Winifred was visiting at her aunt's and the children were very much amused by her funny speeches. "You think you are very smart, don't you?" one of the boys said, teasingly. "Yes, I think I am, but I know better," the thoughtful little girl answered.—*Youth's Companion.*

It makes one dizzy to count all of the Democrats who are openly withdrawing from the free-trade party these days; but one of the most notable cases reported is that of G. Q. Richmond, of Pueblo, Col., recently a member of the State Central Committee. He announces his loathing for the leading policy of Mr. Cleveland in resonant terms

Employe—Sir, I would like to speak to you a moment upon a very serious matter. Merchant—Don't bother me. "But—" "Go away to your work, I say. "I want to ask your consent to my marriage with your daughter Nellie, and—" "Oh, is that so? Take her, my boy, and may God bless you both. I thought you were going to ask for an increase of salary."

THIS IS CORPUS CHRISTI DAY.

The Great Festival Celebrated by the Roman Catholic and Episcopal Churches.

At the request of a Roman Catholic reader of this paper we take pleasure in publishing the following, which is from a Chicago paper:

To-day is Corpus Christi day, a feast observed by the Roman catholic church, and what is known in the episcopal church as the "advanced churchmen."

It is the commemoration of the institution of the sacrament of the altar, or the Lord's supper, as it is called by the protestant denominations. The proper time for its celebration is in holy week, on Maundy Thursday, the day before good Friday, but as it is impossible in the solemnity nd gloom of the day before the passover to give the festal character to the day, of which the church deemed it worthy, at a very early period the feast of the eucharist was deferred until the first Thursday, after Trinity Sunday.

The color of all the vestments worn by the ministers of the altar in the services of the day is white or cloth of gold, and the altar itself is a blaze with lights and decked with all the w ite flowers procurable. The celebration began with last evening when the first vespers of the day were either said or sung, and the benediction of the blessed sacrament is given.

Twenty years ago, in the Episcopal church, the commemoration of the day was not dreamed of as among the possibilities, and even now it is only in such parishes as the Ascension or St. Clement's that it is noticed by extra services. Whatever has been done toward creating a greater reverence for the sacrament itself or its memorial day is largely due to the influence and work of the Confraternity of the Blessed Sacrament, an association of the clergy and laity of the church of England and the episcopal church, pledged to prayer and work for the most frequent and reverent celebration of the holy eucharist.

First vespers of Corpus Christi were sung at the Church of the Ascension by the Rev. Father Antoine Lechner, the deacons being the Rev. Fathers Smith of Elgin and Sword of Kansas City. The preacher was the Rev. Nelson Ayres of Lincoln, a man who has done a marvelous work among the colored people. His sermon was a severe arraignment of the protestant bodies as possessors only of an imitation religion. His text was:

Except ye abide in me ye are cut off as a branch and wither." The preacher declared that with all the declaration of the protestants about faith and salvation by faith they persisted in denying the very words of the Savior Himself: "This is my body, this is my blood," and "my flesh is meat indeed and my blood is drink indeed."

Turning to the altar he said: "There is the supreme test of faith. On the one hand our Lord declares: 'This is my body, and the holy church through all ages declares it. On the other hand are human reasonings and material seemings. If there be faith, here is the test, and those sects have no faith who deny our Lord's words and hold to what seems reasonable them.

"They have lost the real gospel religion," he said. "They believe in God, so they say. They believe He exists. They believe in Christ, but they believe Him to be a good man who performed some very mysterious things, and finally went His way out of the world leaving it darker than before. Not a word have they to say of Him who came to establish a heavenly kingdom upon earth, in which He still lives in the sacrament of the eucharist. They believe in the resurrection, but it is a spiritual resurrection, not one of this vile body. St. Paul differs from them, but that makes no difference. They believe in a Holy Spirit, who manifests himself not in order and peace, but in the howlings and madness of revivals—the very fetichism of half-naked negroes in Africa! And this is what they call the Christian religion. They lost that union in Christ through His church, through the sacraments of baptism and the eucharist, and they are dead, withered branches, having the form of branches, but they are dead and dried up."

The sermon was eloquently delivered, and created quite a sensation.

This morning there were low masses at the Ascension at 6:30, 7:15, 8, and 8:30 o'clock, and a high mass at 9:30 o'clock, at which the celebrant was the Rev. Father Lecdner, the deacon the Rev. Father Taylor of Springfield, and the sub-deacon the Rev. Father Sword of Kansas City. The mass was Gounod's St Cecilia mass. Master Harold Dyer and Messrs. Goswyn Hummel and Templeton Nichol the tenors.

A Second Declaration of Independence.

NEWARK, N. J., July 8.—There were 2,500 people present at the raising of a Harrison and Morton banner in the Eighth ward last night. Among the speakers was John L. Wheeler, who has been a Democrat, but is going to vote for Harrison and protection. Mr. Wheeler said: "I don't care much for Harrison and Morton, but your glorious platform is a second Declaration of Independence, a declaration of independence of English ideas and free trade. When Cleveland sent his message to Congress last December, he said that the tariff was utterly vicious and illogical. Now they come out and say that they do not mean to abolish this tariff which is vicious, but merely to reform it. Now, why, if this is so bad, do they not come out and abolish it and not temporize?"

FATHER RITCHIE VISITING CHICAGO

Taking a Needed Rest among His Old Parishioners.

The following, from a Chicago paper, is published at the request of a Roman Catholic subscriber of this paper:

The Rev. Arthur Ritchie, or Father Ritchie, as he is called by his old parishioners, is visiting in Chicago, and will preach at the high mass on Sunday.

He is supposed to be stopping with Malcom B. Thompson, at the corner of Schiller street and LaSalle avenue, but as a matter of fact he only stops there when he is asleep. During his walking hours he is so constantly in demand that he is out all day. He is a trifle older in appearance and manner than when he conducted his famous battle with Bishop McLaren, which after all was not on the question of high-church doctrines, for the bishop is as strong a high-churchman as there is in the west, but because Father Ritchie thought best to leave out certain penitential prayers in the holy communion, and the bishop thought not.

Father Ritchie's chin is just as positive as ever and his voice has still that lingering circumfix cadence on the final syllable of a sentence, but his ruddy complexion has faded somewhat. He still requires the biggest cassock in the wardrobe of the church, for his life in New York has diminished neither his longitudinal nor latitudinal dimensions.

"I was overworked and tired," said he to a Daily News reporter, "and the doctor told me to take a vacation in the place I had rather go. I chose Chicago at once, for I love it best. It does me good to see the bustle and activity of this place. I think, too, I have warmer and dearer friends here than in any city in the world. I love my own parishioners of St. Ignatius, but I love Ascension more, I believe. I had heard all about the new church which has been erected in my absence, but, like the queen of Sheba, 'the half had not been told' me, and I am very much pleased with it. It is far beyond my expectations. But I must say the little chapel is very dear to me, and it was with deep joy that I said mass at the old altar this morning. I shall preach only once on Sunday, at the high mass. To preach at vespers, too, would be a little too much for a man taking a vacation, don't you think?"

'Priests are not supposed to have much to do with politics, but what do you think of yesterday's nomination?"

"Why, I hope Cleveland and Thurman will be elected, and I'm pretty sure they will be. I settled that in my mind some months ago. I think it will be a walkover if my opinion is worth anything."

THE REPUBLICAN CRYPTOGRAM.

Springfield Union (Rep.)

WasHington
AdAms
JeffeRson
MonRoe
MadIson
JackSon
POlk
VaN Buren

BuchAnan
JohNson
ADams

FillMore
TayIOr
PieRce
Tyler
LI .cOln
Gra t

ArtHur
HAyes
Ga fIeld
CleveLand

– While it is pleasant to note so many who are leaving the Democratic party for the Republican ranks, it is additionally pleasing to perceive that a majority of them are residents of New York and Indiana, two of the States that were Democratic four years ago.

English Spavin Liniment removes all Hard, Soft or Calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses, Blood Spavin; Curbs, Splints, Ring bone, Stifles Sprains, all Swollen Throats, Coughs, Etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted. Sold by F. Potts Green, Druggist Bellefonte, Pa. 20-15-6m

—Ellis Orvis' residence is decorated with blue—the first time that color has been used hereabouts as a house decoration, and it is pretty. Now, Ellis, add red and white to it, and we'll include you among the floppers from Cleveland to Harrison.

A Problem and Its Answer.

How can any one have a perfectly beautiful set of teeth, and healthy gums? Use Minot's Dentrifice, the safest, best, and most popular Tooth Wash ever introduced. Price 25 cents:—used by millionaires and mechanics, and praised by all. Sold everywhere.

—Mr. Harry Hicks, in a few moments on Thursday evening which he devoted to the purpose, succeeded in collecting $34.75 from his gentleman friends for the expenses of the W. C. T. U. coffee cart.

A. E. SMITH, ESQ.,

has been for 49 years road master on the Boston & Maine system and is now residing at Great Falls, N. H. He says trackmen, firemen, engineers and conductors, as well as baggage masters and expressmen, are subject to kidney disease above all others. All, therefore, will be interested in the statement of his experience. "I have used Brown's Sarsaparilla for kidney and liver troubles, and can truly say it has done more for me than all the doctors I ever employed, and I have had occasion to require the services of the best physicians in the State. My wife, also has been greatly benefitted by its use.—A. E. SMITH, Road Master, B. & M. R. R.

The kidneys have been severely taxed all winter as the pores of the skin have been closed, but now that warm weather has come, they need some aid. May be you have that pain across the back; that tired feeling; those drawing down pains. If so you can gain immediate relief by following the example of Mr. Smith and his wife, and use that never failing and grand corrector of the kidneys, liver and blood,

BROWN'S Sarsaparilla.

Not genuine unless made by Ara Warren & Co. Bangor, Me. 20 27 1y

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Exquisite steel portraits, Voters' Cartridge Box, Protection Policy, &c., complete. 3000 Agents at work report immense success. For best work, best terms, apply quickly and make $200 to $500 a month. Outfit 35c HUBBARD BROS., 28 27 4t Philadelphia, Pa.

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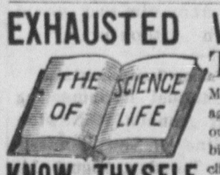

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Hdqrs JOHN A RAWLINS' POST No. 1, Department of the Potomac G A R, *Washington, D C, March* 15, 1886.
Comrade O'FARRELL, Adjutant of this Post, is doing good work for our comrades in his profession and business as an attorney and claim agent. The Captain was a brave soldier during the late war. He is a good lawyer and an honest man. Comrades throughout the country, who place their business in his care, will be honestly dealt with. C G BOLLINGER, Commander

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The Biggest Black Snake.

A strip of country in the Southwestern part of Potter county, in this State, is known as Black Forest. In the southern part of the forest is an immense black snake den. Some that have been killed measured eleven feet. They are of the constrictor species, and not poisonous. Last week Charles Wolfling, a blacksmith, and a friend saw one stretch itself across the road. On attacking him it wound itself about Wolfling's body and pinned one of his arms to his side. His right arm was free, and he seized the huge snake by the neck with his right hand and shouted to his companion to come to his aid. The latter hurried back, and while Wolfling held the black snake's head at arm's length his companion beat it with a club until it relaxed its coil about the blacksmith, and was killed. The snake, which is now being prepared for shipment to the Smithsonian Institute, measured fourteen feet and eight inches, and is believed to be the largest of its kind ever killed.

Circus Car Wrecked.

At 10.30 o'clock Thursday morning the east-bound Pennsylvania freight, Wm. Boss, of Sunbury, conductor, ran on to a siding at the Philadelphia and Erie depot at Milton and crashed into the bill car of King & Franklin's circus company, demolishing it and a freight car adjoining. There were 114 cars in the train and the momentum carried the bill and freight cars to Centre street before a stop was effected. There the pilot of the engine caught in the crossing and ploughed itself to such a depth in the ground and under the planks that the bolts had to be chiseled off before the engine could back up. The train was delayed for an hour. There were men in the bill car when the train approached, but, being warned in time, made their escape before the collision. King & Franklin's circus is to appear in Bellefonte on Thursday afternoon and evening, July 26.

—The tenth regular session of the State Board of Health was held in Harrisburg this week. A number of reports were presented by the various committees and the inspectors, one of the latter being an outbreak of diptheria in Lancaster county by Dr. Paul A. Hartman, of Harrisburg. Dr. David Engelman, of Easton, was re-elected president for the ensuing year. The secretary was requested to issue a circular to the physicians of the State, requesting their co-operation in preventing the diseases among the school children, and in personally superintending the disinfection of sick rooms. It was decided that the meeting of the Board to be held in May, 1889, should be held in Pittsburg and that in connection with the meeting there should be held a sanitary convention.

—There is a gentleman in Bellefonte who voted for Tippecanoe Harrison whose name we have heretofore omitted. He is Henry Bamford. In 1840 he resided in Washington county, Maryland, and cast his vote for Harrison. He remembers with delight the enthusiasm of that time and is individually very enthusiastic in support of Harrison's grandson, Benjamin Harrison, who, with Levi P. Morton, champions the cause of Protection to American industries. As Mr. Bamford reflects upon the events of those days he is inclined to think that a revival of the methods then used would be excellent, and he believes that before the campaign is ended there will be similar enthusiasm for the candidates.

—During a week past the Lock Haven *Express* has, every day, published a column of names of Democrats who declare they will vote for Harrison. After much boasting the *Democrat*, on Friday, published a few names of those who are said to have flopped the other way, but could not fill even a column. We notice also that the list contains some names of persons who did not vote for Blaine four years ago. This leaves the situation about ten to one in favor of the Republican candidate. The truth is, that if we cared to publish the names of all Democrats who say they will vote for Harrison there would be room for nothing else in the paper.

—"Mack" Dougherty, a former citizen of Altoona, and whose father still resides in that city, was murdered at Nevada, California. He left Altoona only three months ago, and was a young man who had a large circle of acquaintances. The murder, it is asserted, was done by foot pads while "Mack" was out walking, who also robbed him. The body of the unfortunate young man arrived in Altoona to-day for burial.

—Dr. E. S. Dorworth asks us to thank all who so willingly and ably assisted him in removing his goods during the recent fire. Mr. Will Conley was particularly efficient and but for him Dr. Dorworth fears that the piano would not have been saved. We are sorry to hear that Mr. Conley hurt his shoulder in lifting. Those who aided Dr. Dorworth in removing his goods are too numerous for individual mention.

—In taking the coffee cart to the fire and preparing it for use Mrs. J. P. Harris was very efficient, even coming from the house to attend to it when her health would scarcely permit her to do so. She was zealously assisted by Charley Hughes, son of Professor J. P. Hughes.

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, CENTRE CO., PA.,

A Weekly Political and Family Journa

CIRCULATION THROUGHOUT CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - Editor and Proprietor
HIRAM TORREY, - - Corresponding Editor

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THE TWO CANDIDATES.

Boston Traveler.

Benjamin Harrison and Grover Cleveland are about the same age. Both are of honorable parentage. Both are lawyers. Both sought homes and business in growing cities. So much for the likeness between them. And there it ends.

Harrison took a bride with him to Indianapolis. Cleveland went to Buffalo a Bachelor.

Harrison built a home. Cleveland lived in his law chambers.

Harrison taught a Sundy school class of young lawyers. Cleveland—he traveled in another direction.

Harrison was elected reporter of the Supreme Court of Indiana, with honorable and most responsible duties. Cleveland was elected Sheriff of Erie county, an office that also had its duties.

The war broke out. Harrison volunteered, Cleveland was drafted, Harrison recruited a regiment and went to the front. Cleveland recruited a substitute and remained in Buffalo.

Harrison has been true to every promise he has made to man and woman, to party or the nation. Cleveland has been true to himself, and kept such promises as it was for his interest not to break.

Such are the two candidates. How well do they represent the parties that support them?

ACCORDING to reports from Washington Cleveland is alarmed at the defections from the Democratic party on account of its espousal of the doctrine of Free Trade, and has communicated his fears to the National Committee. The question now is how to "hedge," or "straddle," to deceive the voters. But this cannot be done. Cleveland championed Free Trade in his message and the St. Louis Convention endorsed it. The Democratic party is fairly and squarely on record as the advocate of Free Trade and it cannot dodge the issue. "Hedging," or "straddling," will not do. The battle must be fought on the Free Trade line, since the Democratic party has made it the issue by putting itself on record as the champion of the odious doctrine, and it must stand firm or ingloriously retreat. But it matters little which horn of the dilemma it accepts. The country is satisfied that it is "heart and soul" in favor of the English system, and "hedging," or "straddling" will not save it. The people will not trust it. No excuse will be accepted. Confidence in it has been completely destroyed. It must accept the issue.

BY dint of much drumming the Democrats succeeded in getting together a large meeting at Indianapolis Saturday evening, and the telegraph informs us that "William H. English presided, with several hundred vice presidents." The report of the meeting has been circulated all over the country, because it took place at the home of the Republican candidate, as if that were anything more remarkable than a meeting that had taken place in Cleveland, Columbus or any other Western city. The report states furthermore that there were "5,000 in line, with about forty transparencies bearing some 120 different inscriptions." If that is the best Democracy can do in a city of over one hundred thousand inhabitants, the outlook is a sorry one for them, and they would have been wise not to have paraded it so widely in the papers. We venture to say that if the Republicans get up a demonstration at the home of Harrison it will be three times larger than the Democratic procession, and they will not have "several hundred vice presidents either." Lookout for a *big* Republican meeting at Indianapolis soon.

SENATOR EDMUNDS has introduced a bill, which if passed, will be of great benefit to the Government, to say nothing of the thousands of dollars it will save for Uncle Sam. It provides for the establishment of a Council of Ordnance, to consist of three officers from the Army, three officers from the Navy, and three civilians. The duty of this council shall be to conduct examinations into all such questions relating to the fabrication and use of ordnance, projectiles, and explosives, as may be referred to it by Congress or the War or Navy department. No money shall be spent by any department, until this council shall have examined and reported on the feasibility of the methode proposed to be adopted. In view of the fact that during the next ten years this Government will in all probability spend millions of dollars for ordnance, this bill is particularly *apropos*.

PASS THE MILLS BILL--OR WORSE WILL COME.

If gentlemen on the other side would learn a lesson from the experience of the past they would not only take this bill now before them but they would only take it by a unanimous vote upon that side and be glad to get it; for I tell you, gentlemen, if it be rejected now, within less than twelve months you will be willing to give millions of dollars to get as moderate a reduction of taxation as we now propose. In my judgment if this bill (the Mills bill) is not passed by this Congress the voice of the people, sweeping over the length and breadth of the land, will place a membership in the LIst Congress that will take this system, and instead of simply reducing it as we propose to do will bring it down to a point where it will do equal and exact justice to all the interests of the country without regard to favored classes or sections.—(House debate, May 14, 1888, William H. Hatch, Democrat, Missouri.

TEN CENTS A DAY ENOUGH WITH FREE TRADE.

Admitting the fact that in dollars and cents the United States pays higher wages than England; that England pays more than other countries in Europe; and that Europe pays higher than India; yet it is an established fact that the laborer in the United States cannot as a general rule save anything from the result of his toil at the end of each year; nor can he do so in England, nor elsewhere in Europe, nor in India. It is equally as well established that in all those countries the laborer does eat and wear clothes adapted to to his country and climate. Then what is the difference between earning $1 per day or 10 cents per day, if the result is the same namely, sufficient to eat to preserve life and sufficient to wear to protect the body? (House debate, May 10. Silas Hare. Democrat, Texas.)

Life of Ben. Harrison.

By the Author of Ben Hur.

Gen. Lew. Wallace we hear has removed to Indianapolis, and is busily engaged writing a Biography of his old friend Gen. Ben. Harrison.

Rarely has so happy a combination been known as that resulting in the issue of this work. Gen. Lew Wallace, known the world over as the author of "Ben Hur," is one of Gen. Harrison's life-long and trusted friends, and is also a distinguished soldier, a trained statesman, a diplomat of high national reputation.

His name as author gives at once the assurance of a biography of extraordinary merit.

His long and intimate acquaintance with his distinguished subject will enable him to prepare rapidly an authentic and deeply interesting biography.

His large experience in national and international affairs fits him to treat understandingly and ably of General Harrison's superb record as a statesman, and clearly to unfold the principles held by him respecting the science of good government, and the weighty issues at stake in the present great contest.

Gen. Wallace at first declined this task but upon the urgent solicitation of many eminent men of the party, and Gen. Harrison's assurance that everything needful should be placed at his disposal, so as to make it the strictly authentic, and only authorized Biography, he yielded to the call, and has agreed to complete the work for publication by Hubbard Brothers of Philadelphia, early in August.

—Some inquiry has been made as to the contents of the corner stone of the Lutheran church which was burned. We understand that nothing was found in the stone, although people who remember the event of laying it say that some articles of considerable interest were placed therein. Our Lutheran friends have been worshiping in an edifice which used to be an Episcopal church, and, by a co-incidence, their previous pastor was formerly an Episcopal clergymen. So they should by this be, to a great extent, indoctrinated into the Episcopal faith.

—A well known young gentlemen of this place went to call on a lady the other day and while there fell asleep. To make him feel the ridiculousness of the situation still more some one turned his watch an hour and a half ahead, so that when he wakened the hands told the hour of 5.30 instead of 4 p. m. The young man hurried off in hot haste fearful that he would miss another engagement. The lady of the house believes that a Lily can sleep as soundly as any other flower.

FREE Trader Scott sticks to it Mr. Carnegie made one million and a half of dollars in one year in the steel rail business. But the Pittsburg *Dispatch* punctures his declaration by saying that Mr. Scott neglected to state how much *he* made in a year by paying his coal miners five cents a ton less than the prices conceded by other operators. The laboring men of the country will anxiously await Mr. Scott's explanation.

HIDDEN TREASURES.

Mr. Albert Owens' Belief in the Existance of Natural Gas in this Vicinity.

HE TELLS WHERE TO LOCATE A TEST WELL.

EDITOR OF THE NEWS:

I wish to make mention of a local business matter, and to invite the attention of the public to it. "Natural gas," which is attracting great attention and becoming a source of comfort and profit, has its home and location in the rock formation, beneath the coal measures and below the Old Red Sandstone called by our untechnical people the "red shale," at the foot of the Alleghenies. The foot hills on the East flank of the Alleghenies have their equivalents in Western Pennsylvania, where gas is abundant and apparently inexhaustible. It is true that the measures are not precisely alike. It is just as true that Natural gas is found abundantly in districts where the geological formations are not equivalent and vary more than the two districts here referred to—the Eastern and Western foot hills of the Alleghenies. After many years of study and personal examination in the two sections I am of the opinion, 1st. That petroleum can not be found east of the first Axis line of the mountain system. 2d. That Natural gas may exist below the Red Sandstone on the East flank of the Alleghenies. The rock formations are sufficient to justify the experiment which would not be very expensive. If any reasons can be given why gas cannot be found, or why it cannot exist in the location named, I am unable to see them and I shall be glad to hear from any one who knows or who can give good reasons.

The immediate base of the mountains from Lock Haven to Tyrone—not in the valley, but say on Beech Creek, near Karthaus, near Pine Glen, Glen Harris on the Snow Shoe road, and on the Tyrone & Clearfield road—would be, in my judgment, the promising places for testing.

If a successful find could be had, the business men of the country know what would be the result. Fortunes and great industries would follow. I have tried to avoid all theories, and avoid the geological presentation of the subject, as I am writing for the the attention of business men. I shall be glad, however, to hear from any of the men who profess to understand geology. My belief in the probable existence of Natural gas in the vicinity named is such that I would be willing to contribute my share in a test well, though I have no landed or speculative interest to serve.

ALBERT OWENS.

Howard and Vicinity.

Mrs. Jerome Antis is visiting her home and sister.

Mr. McEntire, of Fillmore, pays frequent visits to our place. We presume the attraction here is irresistible.

Mrs. Trafford and her interesting daughter, Miss Minnie, arrived home last week from an extended visit to friends.

Prof. Lewis Robb, of Lebanon, Pa., is spending his vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Robb.

Dr. Kochler, Howard's expert dentist, is raking in the shekels as well as gaining renown from his profession.

Herdic Council, Howard's utility citizen, will assist his cousin, James Wentzel, in running the boarding house at Wayne Camp-meeting. Herdic is an adept at the business and gets there every time.

Thomas Lucas, who has been attending a stenograph and type writing college in Camden, N. J., has graduated at that institution as first honor man.

Nimrod Cook, for catching small fry has proven himself to be the most expert fisherman in the valley, having captured three pecks in one day.

Walter Schenck, son of Christ Schenck, whilst driving a meat wagon, was thrown out, the wagon running over him. He was picked up senseless by Wm. Confer and carried into Dr. Beck's, who dressed his wounds and the lad is in a fair way to recover.

Mrs. Baker, Mrs. Schenck, Mrs. Sayers, Mrs. King, Miss Maggie Smith and Miss Carrie Pletcher, members of M. E. church, have taken the contract to paint the fence around the parsonage. Last year they improved the church very much and this year they are improving the parsonage.

The Jacksonville Reformed church organization will give one of their choice ice cream festivals in that place on Saturday, July 21st. Besides the usual bill of fare, choice musical selections will be rendered and the best of instrumental music furnished by the Howard Cornet Band.

—Prof. J. M. Furey, who has taught successfully in the schools here for several years and was re-elected this year, has been elected Principal of the Third ward Grammar school in Lock Haven. He will accept the latter position as the salary is considerably larger. Prof. Furey is the first teacher who ever taught the colored school of this place successfully. After it was merged into the other schools he was elected to the highest grade of schools in the Allegheny street building, which position he has since filled. Last year he graduated a class into the High School, and it happens that the words of highest praise which Principal Lieb used in regard to the work of the schools in his annual report referred to the class that entered the High School. We regret that the economy of the School Board makes it necessary for the schools to lose one of the most successful teachers, but rejoice that Mr. Furey has secured a more advantageous position.

FREE SHEDS.

Howard, July 16, 1888.—I saw an article in the Bellefonte FOUNTAIN in regard to some sheds that were built on the Christian Church lot which some persons might not understand. I will give you a few points on the subject. The sheds were built and a complete job made of them, but when the pay was demanded no one was ready to pay for them. The sheds are large enough to drive six teams under, safe from storms. These sheds were built in July, 1885. The man who built them says that he never got any pay for his work, besides paying twelve dollars for lumber. He also states that one of the Elders of the church swore that the man who did the work would do it for nothing. He must have thought that Reuben was an awful kind hearted fellow. Your correspondent saw a copy of this affidavit. But the man who did the work says he never agreed with any person to do the work free of charge, but was promised remuneration for the job by one of the Elders. Reuben says he is no free trade man and cant live on free sheds. The Christian Church is not in the habit of doing that kind of business and it is to be hoped that this case will not be an exception to its general correct action.

CHRISTIAN.

To Keep a Bouquet Fresh.

A queer way to keep a bouquet of flowers fresh, but a very striking and effective one, is thus described: In a vessel of water place a plate, and on this stand a bouquet of flowers, weighted at the bottom so as to stand upright. This being done, the bouquet is covered with a bell glass, the rim of which ought to fit exactly the flat part of the plate; the bell glass should be entirely filled with water and without the least air bubble. Then raise all together, bell glass, plate and bouquet, and place on a table, leaving on the plate around the base of the bell glass a little water to keep the air from entering. The flowers in this situation will be preserved in all their freshness for several weeks, and their beauty is increased by a great number of bubbles of gas produced by the respiration of the leaves, and which attach themselves to the leaves, looking like pearls. The edge of the plate and the water it contains should be concealed by a light bed of moss, in which are set some flowers. A bouquet thus arranged produces a charming effect especially in the evening.

—A somewhat curious incident happened to Isaiah Clark on Sunday night, which may or may not be of importance. He lives on Thomas street near the U. B. church. He was on the street in front of his house, about half-past ten o'clock, when a strange man approached him and requested him to go with him and look at a light which he said was burning in the United Brethren church. "I do not walk with strangers at this time of night," answered Mr. Clark. "You must be afraid of me," said the man. "I am not," answered Mr. Clark, "but if you want anyone to look at a light in the church perhaps you can find a policeman. If you don't move from here I will put daylights in you." Then the man moved away. Mr. Clark went in the house and looking from the window at the church saw the man standing in front of it. The fact that his wife was not well kept Mr. Clark from going after the stranger to discover his business.

—Here is a passage of Scripture which we commend to the gentleman who drew up the resolutions for the town meeting the other evening. In the final resolution they deprecated the giving of alms to professional tramps, thus making themselves teachers of casuistry—questions that pertain to the conscience. Since Messrs. L. L. Brown, James Milliken and J. C. Meyer have elevated themselves to the place of spiritual guides for this community, we hope they will explain to conscientious inquirers, the meaning of St. Matthew 5: 42, where we find the injunction—"Give to him that asketh thee, and from him that would borrow of thee turn not thou away."

The Juniata Valley Campmeeting.

The sixteenth annual campmeeting will begin on their grounds at Newton Hamilton on the line of the Pennsylvania railroad, on Tuesday, August 14, 1888, to be continued ten day. The Pennsylvania railroad company has decided to run a siding from the north side of the road. In fact all the railroad facilities will be better than in any previous year. The camp authorities are determined to leave nothing undone to make the campmeeting a success. Many changes and improvements are being made on the grounds. Thursday, August 23, will be Children's Day.

ON Friday Senator Dawes presented to the Senate a numerously signed remonstrance of the wool manufacturers and wool dealers, against the legislation proposed in the Mills bill. As usual, the republican Senate will protect our business interests.

THE ADVANTAGES

Of Life in America, Especially in Benore and Vicinity.

BENORE, Pa., July 16, 1888

Mr. Wilson P. Reeder, of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, has been visiting here for a few days. Mr. Reeder is on his return trip from an extended tour of about one year, during which time he has visited almost every civilized country on the face of the globe. He says we do not know what it is to be an American citizen. If we could visit foreign countries and see the miserable condition to which their people have been reduced, working as they do from daylight until dark for the small sums of ten, fifteen and twenty-five cents per day, we could realize the consequences that would follow a majority of votes for free trade.

Rev. Emheiser, minister of the U. B. congregation of this place, is an eloquent advocate of the great cause of the Supreme Ruler. May success attend his efforts.

Rev. J. M. Lesher, of Annville, Jefferson county, Pa., who has been for the past four years a missionary in the wilds of Africa, delivered an eloquent lecture in Scotia school house, on Wednesday evening, July 11. Subject "The habits and modes of life of the inhabitants of the Dark Continent."

The employes of the Scotia ore mines met in the Band Hall on Thursday evening, July 12, and permanently organized a beneficial association, said association to be known as "The Scotia Mutual Relief Association."

The genial countenance of Mr. Miles Kephart, brother of the co-operative store manager, was visible in our little hamlet for a day or two last week.

Prof. W. L. Brown, of Spring Mills, who is with the Scotia band boys again, stands almost without a rival as a leader and teacher of instrumental music.

The Washington Cornet Band attended the festival held here on Saturday evening last and rendered some fine music. Welcome, boys; call again.

—We do not consider that a word or a suggestion occasionally to remind the borough council of neglected duty is out of place. But the double-distilled dose of refined irony which His Honor Judge Orvis dealt out to that eminently respectable body, on Saturday evening, impressed us as in exceedingly bad form. The writer of this is thoroughly conversant with all the transactions of the borough council during the past five years, having been in constant attendance on the meetings, and although he does not magnify himself as a legislative critic yet he is sure that the borough council is composed of honest, pure-minded, competent gentlemen—men who fear God and deal honestly toward their fellow-men. As the agents of the public they are willing at all times to carry out any expressed will or purpose. Some of them are gentlemen of large business capacity and good judgment. Gentlemen who criticise council will please remember that in so doing they condemn themselves. The members of council are chosen by the entire community and no true patriot can plead that he had no part or parcel in making this selection. The meeting of Saturday evening was foreign to its true purpose when it permitted such a breach of the amenities of the occasion.

A. C Moore's Life Insurance Agency.

Mr. A. C. Moore, who is well known as an excellent business man, by nearly everyone in this vicinity, has taken an agency for the Fidelity Life Insurance Company of Philadelphia. His business headquarters is at the Brockerhoff House, where he will be pleased to meet his friends and explain to them the workings of the company. The record of the company, and the fact that it has $18,000,000 insurance in force and assets amounting to $518,785.06 is proof that it is one of the best companies in the field. He is meeting with great success and the company is fortunate is securing him as its agent.

Killed at Mt. Union.

Mr. J. A. Witter, a resident of Mount Union, was killed on the railroad near the bridge at that place, Monday evening about 5 o'clock. He was walking to his work at the new track in the cut, and when near the tower he got off the track to avoid a west-bound freight train, and stepped on the south track, when he was struck by an engine, knocked fifty feet against the coping of the bridge and instantly killed. Deceased was aged about 35 years, was a sober, industrious workman and leaves a wife and three children. His remains will be interred at his former home in Path Valley to-day.

Tall Corn.

Delaware Co., Pa., is noted for its fine agricultural productions and abundant yields. This year the crops in that section are more than usually good. Mr. H. H. Dutton, of Upper Chichester township, informs us that his corn crop is excellent and many of the stalks are now over seven feet high. Centre county can beat that and go one foot better. We often have corn, the stalks of which have measured over eleven feet in length.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the word for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by W. C. Keplinger & Co.

Your House on Fire.

Not the house of wood, or brick, or stone, in which you live, but your bodily tenement may be in terrible danger from smouldering fire which you make no effort to quench. The great danger from impure blood is that it debilitates the system, and the digestive organs grow weak and inactive. Hood's Sarsaparilla combines the best kidney and liver invigorators, with the best alternatives and tonics, all from the vegetable kingdom, carefully and understandingly prepared in a concentrated form. It purifies, vitalizes, and enriches the blood, and tones up the system, giving the whole body vitality, and effectually guarding it against the attacks of disease.

"Does your husband still call you by pet names?" one married lady asked another. "Well, not quite. When we were first married he used to call me a kitten, now he calls me an old cat."

Dr. Theel, the celebrated Specialist, has yet to receive a case of special disease, nervous and kidney disease, or blood poison that he did not promptly arrest in its progress and permanently cure. We would advise all suffering to consult the Doctor, personally or by letter, his knowledge and power of healing is most marvelous. Office 538 North Fourth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

To the Public.

The hardware and stove stores will close hereafter at 8 o'clock p. m. sharp, except on Saturday evenings.

JAMES HARRIS & Co.
KCKEE BROS.
J. KYLE MCFARLANE & Co.
W. T. TWITMIRE.

j7-d3t-w1t.

RUPTURE CURE GUARANTEED BY J. B. Mayer, 831 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. Ease at once, no operation or delay from business, attested by thousands of cures after others fail. Advice free, send for circular. 3 14 1y

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THE *Centre Democrat* gravely announces that the government is, yearly, collecting $20,000 more tax than it needs At this rate it will require a long time to pay the national debt. But perhaps you meant to say something else, Mr. *Centre Democrat*.

The "Dull Season" approaches. Extra inducements offered in fine Tailoring—Suits and Overcoats made to order from new Fall goods at very low prices.

MONTGOMERY & Co.,
Tailors.

—A national convention of carpenters is in session at Buffalo, New York. They are indulging in a great deal of plane talk and framing measures that auger well for the joiners.

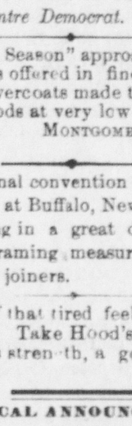
Get rid of that tired feeling as quick as possible. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla, which gives strength, a good appetite, and health.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

ASSEMBLY

We are authorized to announce that C T Fryberger, of Phillipsburg borough, will be a candidate for the nomination for Assembly, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

ROYAL

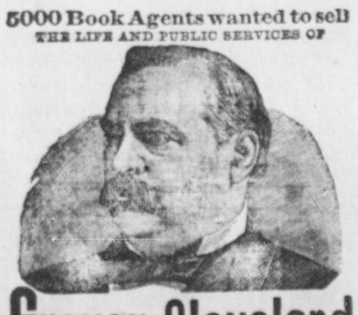


BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St., N. Y. 0 % 1y

5000 Book Agents wanted to sell THE LIFE AND PUBLIC SERVICES OF



Grover Cleveland

Full and complete from his boyhood to his nomination in St. Louis, with personal reminiscences, incidents and anecdotes. Profusely illustrated with steel portraits and wood engravings. The book also contains a superb Portrait and a full and complete LIFE OF MRS. CLEVELAND, together with a complete biography of ALLEN G. THURMAN. This is the only authentic Life. Don't be induced to get any other. There will probably be unauthorized Lives, but this is the right one. Distance no hinderance, as we pay all transportation charges. Send 50 cents in ls. stamps and be the first in the field, and thus reap the golden harvest. Write for full particulars and Special Terms sent free to all. Address, WINTER & CO., Pubs., Springfield, Mass.

BELLEFONTE

BOOK BINDERY

Having leased the Bindery from the *Centre Democrat*, I am now prepared to do all kinds of binding at short notice. Persons having magazines, old books, or anything in our line should give us a call. Blank books, and Hotel Registers done in the neatest style, and at lowest prices. Satisfaction guaranteed.

J. B. KUNZ, - - Lessee.

Second floor, Old Conrad Building.

20 29

HANDSOME BATISTES.....12½c per yd

SATEENS, AMERICAN AND FRENCH...12½ to 35c per yd

CRINCKLED SEERSUCKERS, in handsome Stripes.....8 to 12½c per yd

WARM WEATHER GOODS!

VICTORIA LAWNS,.....8 to 30c per yd

INDIALAWNS.....10 to 50c per yd

CHILDREN'S HAMMOCKS.....30c

GIRLS' SAILOR HATS.....25 to 90c

Laces and Embroidery All Prices and Widths!

JAPANESE PARASOLS, all shapes.....

LACE CURTAINS..... .from 60c to $5.00 per pair

LADIES WALKING SHOES.....60c to $1.75 per pair

LYON & CO.

A SPECIAL OFFER OF MEN'S CASSIMERE SUITS, for Summer Wear.....at $5.00 were $10.00 before.

A New Line of BLUE SERGE SUITS, of Very Fine quality and Superior make.

FROM THE MOUNTAIN.

Personal and Particular Points Recorded by a Regular Correspondent.

The weather has been very cool for several days, but at present it is delightful.

William Stewart, of Pine Glenn, returned home Monday from a two months trip through West Virginia.

John Hunter and wife, of Ohio, are at home on a visit to the former's mother.

Mr. Barnes, of Washington, D. C., left for home Saturday morning.

Miss Lear, an amiable young lady of West Chester, Pa., is visiting her brother, E. B. Lear, agent for the Beech Creek Railroad Company. His wife's brother, from Washington City, is also visiting the family.

Rev. Starret, of Somerset, Pa., is the name of a young minister who accepted a call to preach for the Lutherans at Karthaus. He passed through here on his way to Karthaus last Tuesday, but the place did not suit him, or he did not suit the place, as we saw him return again on Friday.

Thad. Longwell, formerly telegrah operator for several years at this place, but now a citizen of Steelton, Pa., paid Snow Shoe friends a short visit last Saturday.

The M. E. Sunday-school is going to have a children's picnic in the near future.

The Rev. J. W. Bedford is holding a very interesting protrated meeting at Crider's school house.

The other evening the people of Snow Shoe were greatly alarmed by an ear-piercing yell and concluded that a ravenous panther was in their midst. Judge of their surprise when they learned it was only the shrill voice of a popular music teacher who was frightened by Walker's dog.

That relict of slavery days, "Uncle Tom's Cabin," was well rendered last Tuesday night in a large circus tent on the green near Leathers' slaughter house. It was attended by nearly one half the people of the entire neighborhood and all were much pleased with the performance.

Mr. Geo. Degarmo, who has been at the lumber woods for some time, was seen shaking hands with his friends about town on Saturday.

C. U. Hoffer, of Bellefonte, was here the other evening on a fishing excursion. Guess we wont tell about that adventure he met with

In Snow Shoe city is a nice young man
And his name is Raymond Boak.
He went to swim in a great big dam
And put his clothes to soak,

He's loved by his parents, his uncles and aunts
And to his mamma his misfortune causes woes;
He had to go home with only his pants
For he had lost his under clothes.

—There arrived on Monday evening from Lewistown two carriage loads of fair young ladies from that town. They were in care of Mr. Franciscus of that place. The names of the party were: F. G. Franciscus and daughter, Misses Bessa Means, Mary Colbertson, Anna Wilson, Gertie Barr and Lottie Mann. The driver was Mr. Dan Bearly. Their trip to this place was a delightful drive over the Seven Mountains. After remaining all night at the Brockerhoff House they resumed their journey Tuesday morning to Unionville.

—Although there was quite a general alarm of fire on Monday night about 20 minutes of 12 o'clock the big steam whistle did not sound. The people there are too cautious to waste steam unless there is a *bona fide* fire. They were called upon to sound an alarm as somebody *guessed* there was fire. "Where is it?" they asked. "*Guess* it is down at the depot," was the reply. "Don't want any guess work," said the man at the whistle, and the whistle remained silent during the night.

To the Public.

The hardware and stove stores will close hereafter at 8 o'clock p. m. sharp, except on Saturday evenings.

JAMES HARRIS & Co.
McKEE BROS.
J. KYLE MCFARLANE & Co.
W. T. TWITMIRE.

j7-d3t-w1t.

How to Buy a Steamer.

If this town is in any degree alive to its duty there will be a steamer here before the end of next week. If Huntingdon can afford two, pray why cannot Bellefonte have one? Huntingdon has never had a fire equal to any one of the fires which devastated this borough. Then there is Tyrone. In material worth, not to say natural beauty, our town far excels, but Tyrone can pass all around us and come back again in the matter of her enterprise in the possession of a buttercup little steamer. Lock Haven is another shining example in this respect. These towns put Bellefonte to shame.

In some instances, however, the municipality does not purchase the steamer, but the fire companies do. For instance, if by a private subscription of citizens $500 cash can be raised to make the first payment, we believe we can find a fire company that will undertake to complete all the payments within three years. The ladies are interested and will aid the firemen. Now go to work and raise the subscription and we will have a steamer.

Coming Grand Army Encampment at Lewistown.

Special to the Altoona Tribune.

LEWISTOWN, Pa., July 16.—At the meeting held here on Saturday morning of the delegates of Huntingdon, Mifflin, Juniata, Perry, Snyder and Union counties, representing the Central Pennsylvania veterans association, arrangements were perfected for the Grand Army encampment, to be held here on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, August 22, 23 and 24. Reports from all the counties in the districts are of such an encouraging character that the officers feel able to say that the citizens of Lewistown will see the largest number of old soldiers and strangers during the three days' encampment that ever has been assembled in the county.

The following committees were appointed: Music—C S Marks, J B Eckebarger and W H Felix. Leasing Grounds—Thomas Strang, C S Garrett and R Shatzer. Entertainment—E W Fosnot, W V B Coplin and W S Settle. Printing—E W Fosnot, W W Trout and George E Himbel.

Festival at Fillmore.

There will be a festival at Fillmore on Saturday evening for the benefit of the M. E. Sunday-school of that place. To render the event more profitable and interesting there will be an excursion over the Buffalo Run railroad, the train starting from the Buffalo Run station here at 7.30 o'clock and returning at 11. The rates of fare will be very low.

The Population of Bellefonte

Is about 5,000, and we should say at least one half are troubled with some affection of the Throat and Lungs, as those complaints are according to statistics, more numerous than others. We would advise all not to neglect the opportunity to call on their druggist and get a bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial size free. Sold by all druggist.

Mitchell and Harrison.

That excellent citizen, Mr. J. D. Mitchell, of Milesburg, has more reason to remember President William Henry Harrison than the mere fact that he voted for him. Mr. Mitchell was then steersman of a packet boat which sailed from Columbia as far as Hollidaysburg. When President Harrison came East to take up his residence in the White House, he took passage in this boat and a month later, when he was borne home for burial, the same packet carried the remains that distance, Mr. Mitchell acting as steersman on each occasion. Mr. Mitchell was then a Democrat, but he did not consider Van Buren a suitable candidate and voted for his excellent opponent, William Henry Harrison. Afterwards he returned to his party. Since the formation of the Republican party, however, Mr. Mitchel has been a Republican. It may be depended on that Mr. Mitchell will vote for the gallant grandson of William Henry Harrison.

—Eight million baskets of peaches, says the New York *Express*, are expected from Delaware and Maryland this season. It will be the largest crop ever gathered. Last season the same territory furnished only 1,500,000 baskets, and the whole crop, including that of New Jersey and the Hudson Valley, amounted to only 4,500,000 baskets. The first shipments of Maryland peaches are now coming in, but the quantity is limited. They are packed in neat crates holding twelve dozen of peaches, and each peach is kept separate by pasteboard partitions. It will be a week before large shipments arrive, and the special peach trains will not be put on until August 1. The quality this year is better than usual. The fruit will be large, sound and of delicious flavor, and low prices will prevail.

The Handsomest Lady in Bellefonte

Remarked to a friend the other day that she knew Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs was a superior remedy, as it stopped her cough instantly when others had no effect whatever. So to prove this and convince you of its merits, any druggist will give you a sample bottle free. Large size 50c and $1.

Home Evidence

No other preparation has won success at home equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla. In Lowell, Mass., where it is made, it is now, as it has been for years, the leading medicine for purifying the blood, and toning and strengthening the system. This "good name at home" is "a tower of strength abroad."

People of Lowell

It would require a volume to print all Lowell people have said in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Mr. Albert Estes, living at 28 East Pine Street, Lowell, for 15 years employed as boss carpenter by J. W. Bennett, president of the Erie Telephone Company, had a large running sore come on his leg, which troubled him a year, when he began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. The sore soon grew less in size, and in a short time disappeared.

Jos. Dunphy, 214 Central Street, Lowell, had swellings and lumps on his face and neck, which Hood's Sarsaparilla completely cured.

Praise Hood's Sarsaparilla

Mrs. C. W. Marriott, wife of the First Assistant Fire Engineer of Lowell, says that for 16 years she was troubled with stomach disorder and sick headache, which nothing relieved. The attacks came on every fortnight, when she was obliged to take her bed, and was unable to endure any noise. She took Hood's Sarsaparilla, and after a time the attacks ceased entirely.

Many more might be given had we room. On the recommendation of people of Lowell, who know us, we ask you to try

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

The Madonna at the Tub,

of whom Miss Phelps writes, was a genuine specimen of health and strength. She doubtless heeded the warnings of her predecessors, and understood and appreciated the matchless qualities of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, which relieves and cures so many ailments peculiar to the sex. As a powerful, invigorating tonic, it imparts strength to the whole system, and to the womb and its appendages, in particular. For overworked, "worn-out," "run-down," debilitated teachers, milliners dressmakers, seamstresses, "shop girls," housekeepers, nursing mothers, and feeble women generally, "Favorite Prescription" is the greatest earthly boon, being unequalled as an appetizing cordial and restorative tonic.

For Constipation, Sick, or Billious Headache, use Dr. Pierce's Pellets, or Anti-billious Granules: Purely vegetable One a dose.

—The Supreme Lodge Knights of Pythias at its late session having approved the action of its Supreme Chancellor, in reference to the suspension of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, the latter at present occupies the position of an insubordinate body. Nevertheless, the Supreme Chancellor, in hopes of conciliating the disaffected portion, has sent to the Grand Cancellor of Pennsylvania the pass word for the current term with the advice that the Grand body modify its laws at its next session so as to conform to the laws of the Supreme Lodge.

A Sound Legal Opinion.

E. Bainbridge Munday, Esq., County Atty., Clay Co., Tex., says: "Have used Electric Bitters with most happy results. My brother also was very low with malarial Fever and Jaundice, but was cured by timely use of this medicine. Am satisfied Electric Bitters saved his life."

Mr. D. I. Wilcoxson, of Horse Cave, Ky., adds a like testimony, saying: He positively believes he would have died, had it not been for Electric Bitters.

This great remedy will ward off as well as cure all Malarial Diseases, and for all Kidney, Liver and Stomach Disorders stands unequaled. Price 50c. and $1. at W. C. Keplinger & Co's.

Don't Experiment.

You cannot afford to waste time in experimenting when your lungs are in danger. Consumption always seems, at first, only a cold. Do not permit any dealer to impose upon you with some cheap imitation of Dr. Kings New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, but be sure you get the genuine. Because he can make more profit he can tell you he has something just as good, or just the same. Don't be deceived, but insist upon getting Dr. King's New Discovery, which is guaranteed to give relief in all Throat, Lung and Chest affections. Trial bottles free at W. C. Keplinger & Co's drug store. Large bottles $1

10,000 AGENTS WANTED to supply Fifty Million People with the Life of

BEN. HARRISON,

By the author of BEN HUR.

Gen. Lew Wallace, the eminent Author, Statesman, Diplomat, and Life-long friend of Gen. Harrison, is writing the only authorized Biography. "No man living more competent."—Ex-Gov. Porter, of Ind. Millions have read Ben Hur and want Ben Harrison by same author. Selling immensely. By mail $2.00. Greatest Money Making book yet. Outfits 50 cts. Address

29 3t Hubbard Bros., Philadelphia.

KING & FRANKLIN'S NEW COLLOSSAL SHOWS!

—AND—

Wild West!

A MIGHTY CONGRESS OF

World - Famous Features.

A splendid Amusement Organization, known throughout the length and breadth of the land. To speak of its rare merits is a useless task. Suffice it to say that while this year it is more than

Double Its Former Vastness,

In all departments, the price of Admission is reduced One Hundred Per Cent.

WILL EXHIBIT AT

BELLEFONTE, Thursday, July 26.

Troupe of Performing Elephants.

Imported and Educated Expressly for this Show

10 BEAUTIFUL FEMALE AERIAL ARTISTS 10

15 EARTH'S GREAT HUMAN MARVELS 15

7 **FUNNY CLOWNS** 7

The Motley Sons of Momus

SIXTEEN LILLIPUTIAN PONIES

In surprising and beautiful performances.

TROUPE OF GYMNASTS!

7—TRIBES OF INDIANS—7

In their War-like Display and Wonderful Equestrian Sports.

Troupe of Wire Walkers.

Life on the Plains

And thrillingly contrasting the Wild West of the New World with the Classic Pastimes of the Old. Introducing Cowboys, Western Indians and Mexican Vanqueros. The most novel and complete exhibition of the kind ever projected, including every type of manhood known to those who dwell on the Wild Frontier, or just over the border. An exhibition that is not a show but a fact.

GRAND FREE Street Parade.

Admission - - 25 Cents.

Two Performances Daily, at 1 and 7 p. m.

w 1t-j19 d 3t-j20,21,23

WE SELL

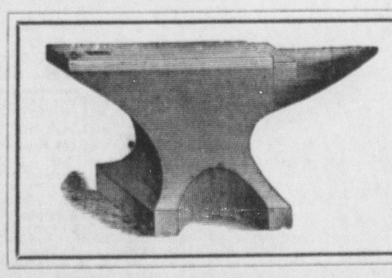
The New Perfect RANGES, Susquehanna, Lady Washington, and many other styles of Cook Stoves.

H. A. MCKEE & BRO.

SOLE

Agency for CENTRE CO. for the SOUTH BEND Chilled Plows and Repairs.

HARDWARE!



HARDWARE!

We shall do our utmost to please you. We have experienced men in our employ. We have added largely to our stock and especially ask you to patronize the new firm. We claim to carry the LARGEST and MOST COMPLETE LINE of Hardware, in all its details, of any one store in this county, and we sell goods low.

WOLF'S HAND MADE TINWARE You know what that means.

H. A. MCKEE & BRO.

THE ONLY PLACE in town that PURE MIXED PAINT is sold.

RAILROAD STATION BUILDING.

The Committee Visit Philadelphia and Have a Satisfactory Interview.

The committee on railroad station proceeded to Philadelphia, had a pleasant and satisfactory interview and returned home. All the members of the committee, except J. W. Gephart, Esq., were there, namely, Adjutant General D. H. Hastings, L. L. Brown and P. G. Meek, representing the citizens, and George L. Potter and Ed. Brown, Jr., as representatives of the borough council. They met the directors of the Bald Eagle Valley Railroad company and President Roberts and Vice President Dubarry of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, on Tuesday morning, and were received with extreme cordiality. Ex-Governor Curtin and John Irwin, Jr., were present as directors of the Bald Eagle Company.

President Roberts and Vice President Dubarry expressed themselves as favorable to the location of the station as the citizens of Bellefonte desire it. In this respect they consider that the interests of the town are identical with the interests of the railroad company. The plans presented most favorably include the location of the building just west of the race where the tracks are at present, to bridge over the race and use that space as an alighting place for passengers, and to locate the freight depot further north on the ground now used as a dumping place for iron ore. This, it was conceded by all, will be the best possible arrangement.

Nothing was said as to the time when this work will be commenced, but the disposition seems to be to begin arrangements in the near future. The structure, we believe, is to be of brick and will be elegant and substantial.

Howard and Vicinity.

J. Y. Long and J. H. Holt are rusticating in the mountains.

Mr. Baker, of Des Moines, Iowa, arrived on last Saturday.

Samuel Shay is the boss bass fisherman this time. Seventeen being his catch, one of them weighing four pounds.

Mrs. Edward Barry, of Bellefonte, is visting her friend Miss Maggie Smith.

The steel rod mill has closed down for "keeps" and the steel billets shipped to Pittsburg.

There are three weddings coming off in the near future which will astonish a great many persons. We could, but wont, give the parties away.

—Juniata *Herald:* The house of John Bardell, in Beale town, was totally destroyed by fire on Monday. The whole family, with the exception of one daughter who was unwell, had eaten an early breakfast and gone to the mountain to pick berries. After their departure the daughter went to bed. Shortly afterwards the fire was discovered by the neighbors but had made such headway that the entire house and contents were destroyed. The daughter would have been burned to death had she not been rescued Building insured; contents were not.

At the Tomb.

We are called upon to record the death of Mrs. Ella McClintock, of Roland. The funeral occurred at St. Paul's church, Nittany Valley.

Another death was that of Mrs. Miller, who lived in Curtins' Gap. Her death occurred on Thursday morning. She had reached the venerable age of 103 years and her husband, when he died some time ago, was more than 100 years old. The funeral was held on Saturday morning.

—Late on Tuesday afternoon Captain A. C. Clemson, a well-known farmer residing about one mile from Newport, Perry county, died while at work in the field. He had been mowing grass the best part of the afternoon and was about to return home when he fell off the mowing machine. When he was found later by one of the hands he was unconscious. The body was taken to his home and medical aid summoned, but it was too late, as Mr. Clemson had died before a physician arrived.

—Tuesday night some one broke into the Otterbein churchyard at Newburg, Cumberland county, and despoiled the grave of Martin VanBuren Hoover, a wealthy citizen who was buried two years ago. They dug up the grave and broke off a heavy silver plate from the casket, but were frightened off before the body was exhumed. They were after some jewelry and a package of money which is supposed to have been placed in the coffin by a superstitious wife.

Letter List.

List of unclaimed letters remaining in the post-office at Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., July 9, 1888:

James Conel, Mrs. Lena Doyle, Mrs. Lizzie J. Friers, Victor Garwood, J. M. Harvey, Miss Minnie Musser, James Reynolds, John C. Saylor, J. A. Sellars, Miss Verda Strickler, Mrs. Sallie Stover.

Persons inquiring for letters named in the above list will please say advertised.

JAMES H. DOBBINS, P. M.

—At the Potters Mills centennial boards on poles designated the sites of the first buildings. One showed the site of the first mill, another the site of first store, another first tavern, and another the site of the first house. All of these buildings have disappeared, and were about ¼ mile west of what is now the Potters Mills hotel, and on the road leading past the residence of John McCoy.—*Centre Reporter.*

—With Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage at the helm, no one need be surprised when the Brooklyn Tabernacle congregation undertakes a big enterprise. Last summer the congregation distinguished itself by carrying to success a project for a big excursion to New England, lasting more than a week, and which, at the time it was proposed, many declared would prove a failure. This summer the congregation proposes to surpass all its former efforts and attempt something unique. A trip to the White Mountains has already been taken by Dr. Talmage's flock. To-morrow (Saturday) a goodly portion of it will start on an excursion that will extend over some seven weeks, and will be the biggest and, in fact, the only affair of its kind yet attempted by a church. This is nothing less than a trip to Europe, the arrangements for which have all been perfected. Not less than 200 of the leading members of the Tabernacle congregation will sail on the Cunard steamer Servia to "do" as much of England, Scotland, Ireland and the continent as circumstances will permit.

—Typhoid fever is prevailing to some extent in Bellefonte, and, while in such a salubrious clime there is little danger that any disease will become epidemic, it is nevertheless important to take reasonable care. We are now called upon to complain of a nuisance such as should never exist in a civilized community, favored with excellent street and nuisance committees. A hydrant was removed from its position opposite the Friends meeting house, on the Lewistown turnpike, and the hole where the hydrant was remains a yawning cavity. It is a receptacle for dirty water which at times emits a noxious odor and is doubtless a beeder of disease. The people there are alarmed by it and it should receive attention at once.

Notice

Temperance day will be observed at Wayne Camp Meeting, Clinton county, Pa., July 26. Miss P. A. Dornblaser will represent the Evangelistic Department of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union. Miss Hoffman, of Missouri, will deliver a lecture. All members of the W. C. T. U. and Y's are invited to be present. ELIZA T. BLANCHARD,
Supt. Evang. Work for Pa.

5A Jake says it is hot, but cold weather is coming. He will tell you something new about horse blankets next week, but he says you ought to buy your horse a 5A sheet, cover, or fly net now.

Won't you buy this poor horse a 5A Clipper Fly Net?

5/A

5A Lap Dusters
Fast Colors; will wash.

5A Horse Sheets
Are made up strong.

5A Horse Covers
Will keep flies off.

5A Fly Nets,
Are the Best and Strongest.

For sale by all dealers.

Ask to see them before you buy.

[Copyrighted 1888, by WM. AYRES & SONS.]

How People of Limited Means Can Secure A HOME

No money given the Landlord will purchase a better home than the one in which you live. Should you die before the payments are complete, your heirs receive a deed at once. Why not secure a home or business property on this plan, enjoy all your earnings, and be confident that your family will not be turned into the street should you die?

Office on second floor of Humes' block, over the post office. A. C. MOORE, Gen Agt.

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$500 REWARD

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ELI ROBBINS, *Runyan P. O., Columbia Co., Pa.*, says: "My daughter had catarrh when she was five years old, very badly. I saw Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy advertised, and procured a bottle for her, and soon saw that it helped her; a third bottle effected a permanent cure. She is now eighteen years old and sound and hearty."

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Heat, furnished room and board for only $2.5 a week.

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Death of a Former Citizen of Bellefonte.

On Thursday morning Col. Isaac May, a former resident and well remembered citizen of Bellefonte, died at his residence 1535 North Tenth street, Philadelphia, his death occurring at 11 o'clock. He was in the 77th year of his age. The funeral was held on Sunday morning.

Col. May came to Bellefonte in April, 1852, and went into the mercantile business in the old store room owned by James D. Turner (the building now owned by Lyon & Co.) where, after a very successful business career of twelve years, he moved to Philadelphia. He left his important mercantile affairs here in charge of S. & A. Loeb and in 1875 he retired entirely from active business.

During the past fifteen years he has devoted himself to deeds of philanthropy and charity in Philadelphia. Being known among his fellow citizens for his generosity he has filled several prominent and responsible positions. He was an officer in the Board of United Hebrew Charties until the day of his death. He was Vice President of the largest Jewish congregation in that city all the time of his residence there. He was known among the Hebrews of Philadelphia as one of its most charitable citizens. In 1863 he was appointed by ex-Governor Curtin as a member of his staff with the title of Lieutenant Colonel, which was the only public official position he ever occupied.

He was a very highly educated gentleman in the German language and was an uncompromising Republican during all of the existence of that party. He leaves a widow, but no children. Peace to his ashes.

Two Ways. Choose Which?

There are two usual ways of doing what Nature sometimes does incompletely, namely, to relieve the bowels. One is to swallow a drastic purgative which evacuates profusely, abruptly and with pain, the other is to take Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the effect of which is not violent, but sufficiently thorough, and which does not gripe the intestines. If the first is selected, the person employing it need not expect permanent benefit, and he cannot hope to escape the debilitating reaction which leaves the organs as bad or worse off than before. If, on the other hand, he resorts to the Bitters, he can rely upon the restoration of a regular habit of body, consequent upon a renewal of a healthful tone in the intestinal canal. Besides healthfully relaxing the bowels the Bitters arouses a dormant liver, imparts a beneficial impetus to the action of the kidneys, and counteracts the early twinges of rheumatism, a tendency to gout, and malaria in all its forms.

A Society Event.

On Thursday evening a brilliant reception was held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Reeder in honor of Miss Hale, of Philipsburg, and Miss Weyman, of Greenville, South Carolina, who are guests at the residence of Adjutant General Hastings. The attendance of fashionable people was large and very notable in the assemblage of lovely ladies and handsome gentlemen. The lights reflected back the silvery rays from silken toilets, billows of lace and the flash of jewels.

The Home Orchestra was present and excelled all its former excellent achievements in the beauty and pleasing of its music. Every one present became thoroughly *en rapport* with the occasion and the dancing was spirited, graceful figures gliding through the mazy waltz like the phantasies of an artist's dream. The skillful entertainers showed that they have cultivated the art of hospitality until it has become second nature to them. Until a late hour the enjoyment continued, becoming more genial and fascinating as the hours grew to 12 and then again began to tell that a new day was dawning. But all joys must end and now the participants look back to it as one of the most delightful occasions of their lives, and hope for its frequent repetition.

$80 One bottle of English Spavin Liniment cured my fine Norman mare of two ugly blood spavins which damaged her value at least $80. It is the grandest Blemish cure I ever used. John McCain, Horse Dealer, Darlington Ind. Sold by F. Potts Green, Druggist, Bellefonte, Pa. 20-15-6m

—One New York woman has a clever scheme on which she ought to be able to secure a patent, or at any rate a copyright. When she makes fancy work or other adornment for her home she makes two of each article. One she puts in her rooms and the other she lays away. "Then," she says, "I notice which particular thing each of my friends seems to admire the most, and at Christmas or birthday times like that I present the friend with the duplicate of the article she has most admired. Of course it isn't necessary for me to mention that I had it made all the time and laid away waiting for some one to give it to, but I never tell any one that I made it especially for her. Almost every one has a different taste, so that it is rare that two persons admire the same thing, and my set of duplicates generally goes around pretty well among my friends."

—Still they come. The latest arrivals in the Republican party from the Democrats are twenty workmen in a tannery at Columbus, Indiana. Some of them have joined the Republican Protective League. C. C. Shoyne, who is at the head of the Furrier's Association, New York City, representing industries valued at $40,000,000, has become an active worker for Harrison. He was formerly a Democrat.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—Cherries are scarce.

—Nearly everybody was at the fire.

—The political prospects are particularly rosy.

—Are the vaults in the Court House safe in the event of fire?

—Thursday was not the most favorable day in the calendar for a picnic.

—The lovely crescent moon was visible for a while on Wednesday evening.

—Robert J. Fleming has been appointed post-master at Lock Haven.

—Hay making is almost ended and the real grain harvest has commenced.

—A wild west show will give an exhibition in Bellefonte on Thursday, the 26th.

—Mr. Horace McDowell, of Canton, O. is a Democrat who will vote for Harrison.

—The order for fireworks to be used at the Millheim centennial has already been sent.

—J. W. Gephart, Esq., will be absent from town about two weeks on his summer vacation.

—After two weeks rest the country weeklies have commenced to put in appearance again.

—The engine from Tyrone arrived here in one hour and thirty minutes after receiving the telegram.

—Work is now in active progress in taking down the walls of the First National bank building.

—The Coronet Hook and Ladder Company lost a bucket which they request the finder to please return.

—A. R. Merrick, of Lock Haven, a life long Democrat, has decided to unite his fortunes with the Republicans.

—Mrs Barcroft has sold the mill and farm, formerly Duncan's, at Spring Mills, to William Allison, for $14,000.

—The Cambridge (Mass.) *News*, after supporting the Democratic party for 36 years, is now a Republican paper.

—Mrs. Susan Harter, of Millheim, sustained a painful injury on Tuesday, by falling and striking on the back of her head.

—President David J. Hill, of Bucknell University, has been offered and accepted the Presidency of the University of Rochester.

—Major McCowan, of Point Pleasant, W. Va., has been a republican since the time he read Cleveland's free trade message to Congress.

—Please don't imagine that we publish the names of all the Democrats who have said they will vote for Harrison To do so would more than fill this paper.

—The *Centre Democrat*, last week, appeared in a dress of new type and presents a new appearance. We hope that this bright appearance is an indication of real prosperity.

—The Teachers' and Millers' state associations journey together to California. 'Tis well. The teachers feed the mind, and the millers mind the feed.—Lewistown *Democrat and Sentinal.*

—We understand it has now been definitely determined to hold the next picnic of the Patrons of Husbandry in the woods near Centre Hall, at the foot of the mountain. It will be at the usual time.

—Notwithstanding the assertion of the Clinton *Democrat*, it appears that ex-Gov. Curtin did have sufficient influence, outside of his district, to secure the appointment of Robert Fleming to the postmastership of Lock Haven.

—A gentleman stopping at the Garman House wrapped himself in wet towels and took hose, with which he stood where the glass was cracking and the woodwork blistering with the intense heat, where he threw a stream of water on the flames.

—It requires $5,000,000 every year to provide for the poor people of London who have no employment or cannot earn enough to support themselves. With a few years experience in free trade in this country the charity fund in New York City may have to be equally great.

—On Wednesday the Lock Haven *Democrat* published the fact that a Democrat was willing to bet $1000 on the election. On Thursday the *Express* announced that the bet was taken by Republicans, and on Friday the *Democrat* seemed to be boiling over with rage because the bet was accepted. It is difficult to please these Democrats.

—There will be a regatta of amateur oarsmen at Sunbury, Pa., on July 18th and 19th. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will begin selling tickets on the 16th instant, which will be good until the 21st. The fare will be the same as one ordinary trip. Contestants who wish to enter the race can obtain their excursion tickets as early as the 13th, boat to be carried free.

—Mr. E C. Humes has disposed of the valuable business site next the National Bank to F. W. Crider, who will erect a business building there. It is the general opinion that Mr. Crider should include an opera house in his plans for the building. It is suggested that if he will include such an amusement hall in the building a stock company can be organized to lease it and furnish it in handsome style.

ACRES OF FLAMES.

BELLEFONTE RECEIVES ANOTHER BAPTISM OF FIRE.

Part of Garman's Hotel, Three Fine Dwelling Houses and the Lutheran Church Building

ALSO NEARLY A SCORE OF SMALLER BUILDINGS.

MAKE A $40,000 FUNERAL PYRE.

Pen Portraits and Graphic Glimpses of the Event.

After the silver moon had retired early behind the hills on Wednesday evening, darkness profound settled down. The gale of wind which had prevailed throughout all the day increased in fury, relieving the intensity of the heat while it lent a wildness and awe to the majesty of night.

Just at 12 o'clock the cry of fire rang out on the midnight air. The water works whistle sounded and the deep bellow of the fire alarm rent the air, sending its dread echo far and wide. The fire companies and the citizens turned out en masse.

We cannot at present state the origin or just where the fire started. The stable of the Garman House, that of the Conrad House and that of Dr. E. S. Dorworth seemed to be ablaze almost simultaneously. Fed by inflammable contents and fanned by the truly awful wind the flames leaped high and broad and in an incredibly short space of time overlapped a vast extent of territory. Within fifteen minutes acres of buildings presented a seething mass of flame. The sight was at once appalling and disheartening to the firemen and other citizens, but they battled it with a royal will which accomplished great results.

The wind did not blow steadily in one direction. Its general tendency was ferm west to east, but at intervals there would be strong waves of wind from south to north or just the opposite. Extremely fortunate is it that at no time the wind blew toward the west as in that direction lay the most costly buildings. As it was, though the territory covered was greatest, the property destroyed was not so valuable as was the case in the four previous fires which have occurred in the past three years.

In briefer time than it takes to write it a score of stables were in flames. In Garman's stable four fine horses became prey for the flames, only one horse being saved. Dr. E. S. Dorworth's fine horse was also burned. Bunnell & Aikens' stable, that of Capt. Henry Montgomery, an old stable connected with Haag's Hotel, Christian Schrock's stable and Mrs. Miles' stable. The fire also quickly consumed a building in which lived James Thompson and Joseph Mayhew (both colored) and their families, and also one occupied by Robert O'Neil and family. These people could save nothing but their lives, are very destitute and certainly deserve whatever aid kind hearts and full purses can render.

THE VALUABLE PROPERTY

destroyed was on the south side of East High street, and here is where the greatest efforts of the firemen were concentrated. A fire, about fifteen months ago, burned Reynolds Bank and what was then known as the old portion of Garman's Hotel. This part of the hotel having been rebuilt quite elegantly, was now designated as the new part and the other, merely by force of contrast, was spoken of as the old portion, though even it was comparatively new and in fine condition. But the flames gutted it and now only the walls remain standing. The firewall between the old portion and the new, and the superhuman efforts of the firemen succeeded in saving that part of the hotel but recently erected. This is the most extensive loss, ranging from $8,000 to $10,000, and must be sustained almost entirely by Mr. Garman, as the insurance on that part of the structure was only $3000 and there was none at all on the contents.

The next building was a stone one occupied by Dr. Dorworth as a residence and a medical office. Its destruction was complete. Part of the furniture was removed. On the house the Doctor has $2500 insurance, $500 on furniture and $400 on stable. In addition to the loss of his horse the Doctor lost a valuable gold watch. Before the fire was ended he leased from Mr. Crider two rooms in the latter gentleman's building, where the Doctor will be found for the present.

Above this, in a handsome house, lived C M Bower, Esq, and family and A C Mingle and family. Quite a large quantity of the furniture was saved. Mr. Mingle believes he is fully insured. At this writing we cannot state the amount of Mr. Bower's insurance. The next building was the parsonage connected with the Lutheran church, occupied at this time by Mr. Calvin Mallory. It was burned, and the flames quickly wrapped the church building in their fatal grasp. The spectacle at times was grand. As the fire invaded the interior of the edifice and was seen through the colored windows and then as it mounted the tower no modern fire works could display a spectacle of similar awe and magnificence. The church building was venerable with age, originally erected for the Episcopal congregation. It is now reduced to ashes. There is $5,000 insurance on the church building and parsonage.

A street intervened between this and the next house, and this fact, added to heroic and perilous work by firemen with buckets, prevented the fire from consuming quite a number of substantial frame buildings. While the fire was at its height a sudden shower of rain descended. It lasted only five or ten minutes, but its effect was serviceable. In all the hollow square between High and Bishop streets, east of Allegheny, but one stable remains—a new one built by Mr. Haag. It bore a charmed life and though flames hissed and seethed around it, consuming property with rapidity, it remains almost unscathed.

MORE HELP ARRIVES.

Very promptly the Neptune fire company of Tyrone responded to a call to come to our aid. They brought with them their elegant steamer. The fire was under contol when they arrived at half-past 2 o'clock, but they relieved the exhausted firemen and did admirable and needed work in extinquishing the flames so that all hands could seek a brief rest before morning. Thanks to Tyrone and her gallant firemen. People praised

THE COFFEE CART.

It is the best institution, they said, in which the ladies ever invested. Mrs Moyer, Mrs Hicks, Mr Hicks and John Laurie served gallons of hot coffee to firemen and while the thirst of all was quenched, there was no drunkenness, and there will be fewer headaches.

We cannot give a complete and accurate recapitalation of the losses and insurance, but the figures as given below are nearly accurate as far as they extend:

INSURANCE.

C M Bower, Esq, has $1,000 on house and $1500 furniture and library	$2,500
Garman's have $1,000 on stable and $3,000 on hotel	4,000
The Lutheran congregation have on church, parsonage and furniture $2,501 with Mr. Morrison, $2499 with Mr. Weaver	5,000
Dr. Dorworth has $2500 on house, $800 on furniture and $400 on stable	3,700
Mr. Mallory has $300 on furniture	$300
Mr. Mingle, estimated	1000
Others, estimated	3,000
	20,000

LOSSES.

D Garman, including everything	$10,000
C M Bower	4,000
Dr Dorworth	6,700
Lutheran congregation	6000
A C Mingle	1 000
Graham	600
Mallory	450
	28,750
Other losses on stables, houses, etc	11,300
	$40,050

The fire was plainly seen at Centre Hall, from where it looked as if the entire town was in flames.

The house in which Robert O'Neil lived was owned by Mr. Graham.

Another Fraud.

The latest imposter is an old gray-headed man taking in country towns duping the ladies. He arranges with some lady to do stitching for him, and then canvasses the town representing himself to be a manufacturer of ladies' corsets. After taking measure, he finds he has one that size, the price of which is $3.50. He then offers to purchase all old corsets from the lady. After she has gathered them up he allows her from $1 to $1.50 for her corsets, and leaves the new corset for her to try on, the lady paying him from $1 to $2.50. If it does not fit she can take it to the house where he is getting his work done and he will return the money. The first train that arrives at the depot he takes and leaves the town. When the lady finds the corset will not fit she also finds that the manufacturer has left the town, and she has an ordinary 75-cent corset, for her money.

Campaign Floppers.

The political flopping this year is all from the Democratic into the Republican party, and among those who are making such great changes many are very prominent men. Already enough voters have changed in the State of New York to give Harrison 50,000 majority in that State. A. L. Morrison, a representative New York Irishman, says there are organizations of Republican Irishmen in each of the twenty-four assembly districts of New York. Men working for the hat firms in New York city, all of whom voted for Cleveland last election, will this year vote for the protection of their work. The Irishmen remember that free trade ruined Ireland and will use their influence against it here. Winslow S. Pierce, Jr., who is a nephew of ex-Vice President Hendricks, is a recent convert.

Came Over to the Majority.

Special to the Altoona Tribune.

LEWISTOWN, Pa., July 12—Colonel Lee, superintendent of the Standard steel works at Logan and who has been an ardent Democrat, has joined the Republican column. He will not support the Mills bill, nor is he in favor of the re-election of President Cleveland. His views in the matter are very explicit.

—Will it not be criminal to delay longer the duty of furnishing protection against fire? A fire marshall should be appointed at once, provision should be made to pay firemen for the time spent in working at fires and a steamer should be purchased—even if it does cost something.

CAUGHT WHILE BURNING.

Within a Radius of Ten Miles from the Great Conflagration.

The flames were extinguished more effectually than were those of any of Bellefonte's former great fires and when the sun was bright again in the heavens there was but little indication that a vast tract of territory had been flame-swept only a short time before.

Even as far away as Beaver's farm fragments of burning wood fell in showers on the house tops, making applications of water necessary.

Some one says that a steamer like the one brought here from Tyrone costs $5,000.

The Tyrone boys were apprehensive that the water supply of the town might be exhausted by the tremendous efforts of their elegant little steamer. "Do your best," was the assurance, "we'll supply the water!" The result was a splendid but absolutely inexhaustible steam

Thanks, thanks, thanks to Tyrone for her goodness and willingness to repeatedly send help to Bellefonte. Many thanks also to Superintendent Blair and the Bald Eagle Railroad Company who never, we believe, present any bills for transportation on such occasions. Friends in need are friends indeed.

We hear that at the Brockerhoff House breakfast was served by Proprietor Brandon to eighty firemen. The Tyrone boys departed well pleased with their treatment. We also hear that the Garman House served free breakfast that morning to all the hungry workers at the fire who desired to partake of this hospitality.

A gentleman who saw the great fire in Chicago and also saw this conflagration says that the latter looked as appalling as the former, and sparks flew as numerously.

Again we urge immediate fire protection at any price, even if it shall require an expenditure of $10,000. We believe the Bellefonte public are in a mood to endorse any measure of this kind. A steamer—it must be a good one—will cost $5,000. If more hose is needed, purchase it at once. Have a competent fire marshal and if necessary pay the firemen for the time they work at the fire.

In saying this, we do not wish to be understood as undervaluing, in any degree, the wonderful work performed by Bellefonte firemen and citizens. We do not believe that the best steamer or the highest paid fire department could have done more effective work than was performed on this occasion. With several acres of the most inflammable material directly in its path, with the wind blowing in the most furious manner nothing could have stopped it short of where it was stopped The men took their lives in their hands and were undaunted by anything. Deeds of more matchless heroism were never performed. But in many fires, it is apparent to all, sufficient and perfect appliances will permit more effective results. It is due to the business men, to the insurance companies and to the workers at the fire themselves that the best appliances to be procured shall be placed at their disposal. It will be economy in the end.

As we stated Mr. Hagg's new stable did not burn, though everything around it yielded it to the fury of the flames. His stable that was consumed is said to have been a very fine one. There is no better stable in town than the one which he lost. It is quite a misfortune to him, coming so soon after-taking charge of the hotel.

Almost all the residents of Bishop street were ready to move from their houses should the flames reach that populous thoroughfare. In brief, a general panic was caused in that part of town.

J. M. Keichline, Esq., was so anxious for the safety of his home on Bishop street that he forgot all about his office in the lower floor of the Garman House. When he arrived next morning he found that friends had saved all his property. The contents of General Blair's office were also safely removed.

There is sufficient evidence upon which to base the most thorough investigation for incendiaries. What we have heard it is well not to make public. But it is not too much to ask that the most competent detectives be employed.

The more secrecy that there is about measures of this kind the more effectual and successful they will be.

New York Floppers.

John McCarth, a leading Irish Democrat of Syracuse, N. Y, is out against Cleveland, and advises his countrymen to vote for Harrison.

P. W. Rhodes, editor of the Rhineback, N. Y. *Gazette*, and a prominent Democratic worker, has cut loose from Cleveland.

On the formation of Harrison and Morton clubs at Waterford and Halfmoon, Saratoga county, New York, seven Democrats joined the first and fifteen the last.

The Amsterdam (N. Y.) *Recorder* says: Amsterdam Democrats are agitated to the core to-day by the announcement that seven prominent Democratic manufacturers of this city have openly declared that they cannot and will not support Cleveland.

The Lost is Found.

A young child of Mr. Hile's at Spring Mills, disappeared yesterday morning at about 8 o'clock. Search was at once made and the child was not found until late in the evening by Mr. Houser in the woods about two miles from Spring Mills.

—The Democratic club room is draped the entire length of both sides with the national colors, beneath which is the bandanna pattern. We advise them to remove the latter as flags of only one kind are needed in this country, and very few true patriots desire to march beneath anything except the bonny red, white and blue. They have a large assortment of newspapers and political documents in their room and pictures of their candidates, including one in which Mrs. Cleveland appears. The room is pleasant, not very large and not as airy and thoroughly ventilated as it should be. They have about 150 chairs, only a few of which are placed in position in the room. Considering the fact that all their arrangements and preparations will be in vain, of which prospect they must be fully aware, they show considerable courage, and it will be a source of consolation for them to know that they will have an equal share with the Republicans in the benefits which will accrue from higher protection.

—A dispatch says that a pleasant incident of Governor Beaver's visit to Chattanooga, Tenn., was the presentation to him of a cane by N. B. Forest Camp of Confederate Veterans. The presentation remarks were made by Colonel Tomlinson Fort, a prominent citizen of Chattanooga, who recited the fact that the cane was cut on Lookout Mountain, from a hickory tree alongside of which a rebel boy was found dying after the famous battle. In his remarks Colonel Fort paid a high compliment to Governor Beaver, saying that the gift came from the hearts of the confederate veterans, concluding with the following words: "And our only regret, sir, is that we can not give you the other leg in as good condition as it was before we shot it off of you."

—On Thursday of last week a picnic was held at Snow Shoe Intersection. There were forty children and twenty ladies in attendance. The afternoon proved to be very unfavorable for a picnic, yet it is the universal testimony of all who attended that the affair was vastly enjoyable. The company repaired to a vacant building which was generously devoted to their use and a stove was loaned to them by Mr. Eckert. The time passed rapidly and pleasantly. The picnic was given by Mrs. Hastings, wife of Adjutant General Hastings, in honor of Master Jay Woodcock.

THEY DID IT.

What? Cured among others the following. They write:

849 Central Ave., Cincinnati, O., January 4th, 1888.

Athlophoros Pills have cured me of liver complaint and dyspepsia. I gave ten of the Pills to a friend who is troubled with indigestion and he has improved wonderfully. F. H. ROWEKAMP.

16 Rosette St., New Haven, Ct., February 10th, 1888.

Athlophoros Pills worked wonders in my case of dyspepsia. EMMA I. CLARK.

Ath-lo-pho-ros Pills are small and pleasant to take, yet wonderfully effective. Invaluable for kidney and liver complaints, dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, headache, etc. They'll take away that tired feeling giving new life and strength.

Send 6 cents for the beautiful colored picture, "Moorish Maiden."

THE ATHLOPHOROS CO. 112 Wall St. N. Y.

INVENTION has revolutionized the world during one last half century Not the least among the wonders of inventive progress is a method and system of work that can be performed all over the country without separating the workers from their homes. Pay liberal; any one can do the work; either sex, young or old; no special ability required. Capital not needed; you are started free. Cut this out and return to us and we will send you free, something of great value and importance to you, that will start you in business, which will bring you in more money right away, than anything else in the world. *Grand outfit free.* Address TRUE & Co., Augusta Maine. 20 7 1y dar

AMATEUR

Photographic Outfits!

Outfits carefully selected and all orders by mail promptly attended to without extra charge. Descriptive catalogue mailed free. Write for circular. Address,

C M BROCKWAY,

58 LEONARD ST., N. Y. CITY.

20 18 3m

FRAZER AXLE GREASE

BEST IN THE WORLD.

Its wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of any other brand. Not effected by heat. GET THE GENUINE.

FOR SALE BY DEALERS GENERALLY.

Piso's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best, Easiest to Use, and Cheapest.

CATARRH

Sold by druggists or sent by mail. 50c. E. T. Hazeltine, Warren, Pa.

Write to CLARK'S Business College, ERIE, PA., or College of Commerce, Buffalo, N. Y., for circulars. The best and cheapest schools in America. Actual business interchange. Scholarships good in either College. Graduates assisted to positions. Mention this paper. CLARK & PERRIN, Proprietors. 20 28 4t

DEEP SEA WONDERS exist in thousands of forms, but are surpassed by the marvels of invention. Those who are in need of profitable work that can be done while living at home should at once send their address to Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine, and receive free, full information how either sex or all ages, can earn from $5 to $25 per day and upwards wherever they live. You are started free. Capital not required. Some have made over $50 in a single day at this work. All succeed. 20 7 1y

Railroads

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD. Time Table, November 14, 1887.

WESTWARD	Exp A M	Mail P M
Leave Lock Haven	9 00	3 45
Flemington	9 05	3 45
Mill Hall	9 09	3 48
Beech Creek	9 25	4 03
Eagleville f	9 30	4 08
Howard	9 44	4 22
Mount Eagle f	9 54	4 32
Curtin	10 01	4 38
Milesburg	10 12	4 48
Bellefonte	10 25	5 00
Milesburg	10 35	5 10
Snow Shoe Int.	10 38	5 14
Unionville	10 48	5 24
Julian	11 09	5 35
Martha	11 09	5 47
Port Matilda	11 19	5 56
Hannah f	11 26	6 05
Fowler f	11 29	6 08
Dix f	11 32	6 11
Bald Eagle	11 [illegible]	6 19
Vail	11 45	6 24
Arrive at Tyrone	11 55	6 35

EASTWARD	P M.	A
Leave Tyrone	7 15	8 16
East Tyrone	7 22	8 17
Vail	7 28	8 20
Bald Eagle	7 33	
Dix f	7 39	
Fowler f	7 42	8 3[illegible]
Hannah f	7 46	8[illegible]
Port Matilda	7 56	8[illegible]
Martha	8 05	8 51
Julian	8 15	8 [illegible]
Unionville	8 25	9 1[illegible]
Snow Shoe Int.	8 35	9 18
Milesburg	8 39	9 22
Bellefonte	8 49	9 32
Milesburg	9 01	9 47
Curtin	9 11	10 01
Mount Eagle f	9 17	10 06
Howard	9 27	10 16
Eagleville f	9 40	10 30
Beech Creek	9 45	10 35
Mill Hall	10 01	10 50
Flemington f	10 05	10 54
Arrive at Lock Haven	10 10	11 00

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after Nov. 13th, 1887.

Leaves Snow Shoe at 6:45 a m; arrives at Bellefonte at 8:45 a m.

Leaves Bellefonte 9.42 a m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.50 a m

Leaves Snow Shoe 3.15 p m., arrives at Bellefonte 5.29 p m

Leaves Bellefonte at 8:05 p m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 10:00 p m.

S S BLAIR, General Sup't

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table, Nov. 13th, 1887.

WESTWARD.	Mixed. P M.	Mixed A. M.
Leave Scotia	12 15	5 00
Fairbrook	12 40	5 20
Penn'a Furnace	1 05	5 40
Hostler f	1 11	5 50
Marengo f	1 17	5 55
Loveville f	1 20	6 00
Furnace Road f	1 27	6 10
Dungarvin	1 30	6 13
Warriors Mark	1 50	6 25
Pennington	2 07	6 40
Weston Mill f	2 20	6 56
L. and T. June	2 26	6 55
Tyrone	2 35	6 58

EASTWARD.	Mixed. P M.	Mixed A. M.
Leave Tyrone	4 30	9 20
L. & T. June	4 34	9 25
Weston Mill f	4 40	9 23
Pennington	4 55	9 48
Warriors Mark	5 05	9 58
Dungarvin	5.17	10.09
Furnace Road f	5 20	10 12
Loveville f	5 26	10 16
Marengo f	5 30	10 22
Hostler f	5 40	10 33
Penn's Furnace	5 50	10 44
Fairbrook	6 05	11 02
Scotia	6 25	11 20

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE R. R.—BELLEFONTE, NITTANY AND LEMONT R. R. To take effect Nov. 20th, 1887.

Dis.	Westward a.m.	p.m.		Dis.	Eastward a.m.	a.m.	p.m
.0	5.50	1.30	....MONTANDON....		5.30	9.10	5.45
1.5	6.15	1.40	Ar..LEWISBURG..Lv		5.20	9.00	5.35
1.5	6.15	1.40	Lv..LEWISBURG..Ar		.....	9.00	5.35
5.4	6.24	1.48	.....Biehl f.....		.....	8.51	5.26
6.8	6.30	1.55	.....Vicksburg f.....		.....	8.45	5.20
10.7	6.41	2.05	... MIFFLINBURG...		.....	8.35	5.0[illegible]
13.1	6.48	2.11	.....Barber f.....		.....	8.29	5.01
15.2	6.54	2.16	.....Swengle f.....		.....	8.24	4.56
16.1	6.56	2.20	.....Millmont.....		.....	8.22	4.53
18.5	7.05	2.30	.....LAURELTON.....		.....	8.13	4.43
23.5	7.12	2.37	.....Pardee f.....		.....	8.01	4.30
24.7	7.15	2.40	.....Weiker f.....		.....	7.57	4.24
28.9	7.30	2.56	.....Cherry Run f.....		.....	7.48	4.16
32.2	7.40	3.03	...Paddy Mt. Tunnel f...		.....	7.40	4.08
33.9	7.45	3.09	.....Fowler f.....		.....	7.36	4.57
36.6	7.52	3.15	.....Coburn.....		.....	7.27	3.56
39.6	7.58	3.25	.....Zerby f.....		.....	7.19	3.45
43.4	8.10	3.35	.....Rising Springs...		.....	7.10	3.35
46.2	8.18	3.45	.....Penn's Cave f...		.....	7.00	3.27
49.2	8.25	3.54	.....CENTRE HALL.....		.....	6.52	3.2[illegible]
51.6	8.33	3.59	.....Gregg f.....		.....	6.43	3.13
54.6	8.42	4.08	.....Linden Hall.....		.....	6.36	3.05
56.7	8 48	4.15	.....OAK HALL.....		.....	6.30	3.00
58.3	8.52	4.19	.....LEMONT.....		.....	6.25	2.55
60.2	8.59	4.25	.....Dale Summit f.....		.....	6.20	2.50
63.9	9.09	4.35	.....Pleasant Gap f.....		.....	6.10	2.40
65.2	9.14	4.41	.....Axeman f.....		.....	6.04	2.34
67.4	9.20	4.45	....BELLEFONTE.....		.....	6.00	2.30

CHAS E. PUGH.....General Manager
ROBERT NEILSON.....General Superintendent
E. B. WESTFALL.....Superintendent

BELLEFONTE AND BUFFALO RUN RAILROAD.—To take effect Monday, Oct. 17, 1887.

EASTWARD. No. 4. P. M.	No. 2. A. M.	Dis.	STATIONS.	Dis.	WESTWARD. No. 1. A. M	No. 3 P. M
6 19	9 14	18.	Ar..Bellefte..Lv	0.	6 30	3 30
6 09	8 59	14.7	...Hastings, F...	3.2	6 42	3 43
6 00	8 52	12.5	.....Hunters	5.5	6 48	3 50
5 56	8 47	11.2	.....Fillmore	6.8	6 54	3 55
5 51	8 42	10.	....Sellers, F....	8.	6 58	4 00
5 46	8 36	8.	.....Waddles	10.	7 04	4 06
5 25	8 11	3.2	...Thompson, F..	14.8	7 26	4 32
5 20	8 07	2.	.....Krumrine ...	16.	7 30	4 37
5 13	8 00	0.	...State College...	18.	7 36	4 43

Trains will stop at stations marked F when signal is given or notice to Conductor.

Trains 2 and 4 connect with Trains East and West on Bald Eagle Valley Railroad and Snow Shoe Branch.

THOMAS A. SHOEMAKER, Sup't

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Nov. 13th, 1887

EASTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia	11 25 p
" "	Harrisburg	3 30 a m
" "	Williamsport	7 10 a m
" "	Jersey Shore	7 35 a m
" "	Lock Haven	7 58 a m
" "	Renovo	8 50 a m
" arr at	Erie	4 00 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves	Philadelphia	7 40 a m
" "	Harrisburg	11 25 a m
" arr. at	Williamsport	2 15 p m
" "	Lock Haven	3 30 p m
" "	Renovo	4 50 p m
" "	Kane	8 35 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		5 00 p m
FAST LINE leaves	Philadelphia	11 50 a m
"	Harrisburg	3 45 p m
	Williamsport	7 10 p m
arr at	Lock Haven	8 02 p m
"	Renovo	9 00 p m
SUNDAY MAIL leaves	Phil'a	4 30 a m
" "	Harrisburg	7 40 a m
" " "	W'm'sport	10 35 a m
" " "	Lock Haven	11 35 a m
" " arr. at	Renovo	12 30 p m

EASTWARD.		
Sea Shore EXPRESS leaves	L. Haven	7 05 a m
" " "	Jer'y S're	7 35 a m
" " "	W'm'sp't	8 15 a m
" " arr. at	Harrisb'g	11 30 a m
" " "	Phila'phia	3 15 p m
DAY EXP leaves	Kane	6 25 a m
" "	Renovo	10 20 a m
" "	Lock Haven	11 15 a m
" "	Williamsport	12 20 p m
" arr at	Harrisburg	3 13 p m
" "	Philadelphia	6 80 a m
ERIE MAIL leaves	Erie	2 45 p m
" "	Renovo	11 00 p m
" "	Lock Haven	11 58 p m
" "	Williamsport	1 25 a m
arr at	Harrisburg	4 20 a m
" "	Philadelphia	8 28 a m
RENOVO ACC'N leaves	Renovo daily	4 05 p m
" arrives at	Harrisb'g	9 30 p m
" "	Philadelphia	4 25 a m

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. R. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with train on L. S. & M. S. R. R. at Corry with R. P. & W. R. R. at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R. R. and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

ROBERT NEILSON Gen'l Sup.

Bellefonte Republican,

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Local Department.

—James G. Blaine has postponed his departure from Europe until the 1st of August.

—The collections in the Methodist church on Sunday aggregated the handsome sum of $117.

—Mr. Maitland has been quite ill since the injury to his hand, but is now rapidly recovering.

—On Sunday Mr. D. M. Butts was in Tyrone attending the funeral of Mrs. John Seeds, a deceased relative.

—Mr. Wilbur Twitmire is digging the foundation for a residence next to his present home on Water street.

—The residence of Mr. Barnes, on Bishop street, next to that of Howard Spangler, is being erected quite rapidly.

—The grades of all the pavements are being changed as new ones are made, greatly to the detriment and inconvenience of pedestrians.

—The excursions over the Buffalo Run railroad to the festival at Fillmore are events that happen only once a year. Be sure to take it in next Saturday evening.

—A house and store room owned by Joseph Bitner at Potters Mills, were burned to the ground on Sunday last. The house, it is said, was on fire several times last week.

—The council did not take very readily to the cow ordinance question. By all means the bovine should be put in pasture. It will be better for the cows and for the people.

—The festival of the United Brethren congregation will be held on the fair ground at Coleville, beginning on Friday evening, the 20th, and continuing through Saturday until 11 o'clock p. m.

—J. L. Spangler, Esq., has laid a new pavement in front of his property (occupied by ex-Sheriff Woodring) on Allegheny street. It is in accord with the grade of Mr. J. H. Sands' pavement, next to it.

—Rev. William Laurie, D. D., in the Presbyterian church, on Sunday morning, discoursed on the dream concerning the fat kine and the lean kine and their application to the indebtedness of that church.

—A writer says an ordinary beetle can draw twenty times it own weight. Yes, it can move much more. We have seen it move a young lady weighing 165 pounds by just alighting within half an inch of her nose.

—Let the Sunday-school at Fillmore have a rousing benefit on the occasion of their festival next Saturday evening. The excursion train departs at 7.30 o'clock from the Buffalo Run Railroad station, and returns at 11 o'clock.

—From Tyrone *Daily Herald*: "On Saturday, July 14, at 8 p. m., Mr. Austin B. Ammerman of Tyrone, and Miss Minnie Nearhoff of Hannah, Centre county, were united in marriage by Rev. H. F. Shupe, at his residence in this place."

—The street commissioner and assistants are raising the crossing on High street at the corner of Water street. Why is it that on many streets work is done four or five times a year, while there are other streets that are not touched once in ten years?

—Chief Burgess Spangler expresses himself as under obligations to council for the readiness with which they accede to all his wishes for prompt action in the matter of fire protection. They cooperate with him with entire unanimity and are doing all that can be required under the circumstances.

—There is an additional prospect that Bellefonte will have an opera house. Mr. Daniel Garman has a most excellent location for such an institution and expects to include it in the plan of his new building. If Mr. Garman carries out his expectations in this respect it will meet with the approval of a large portion of the public.

—There was an alarm of fire on Monday night, caused by the arrest of a drunken individual who was about to spend the night on an Allegheny street pavement. He yelled so loud that a fire alarm became general and the fire companies came out, but Fire Marshal Munson found that all the fire was created by the benzine the man had imbibed.

—The Lock Haven *Daily Democrat* asks why, if Bellefonte is a summer resort, most Bellefonters resort elsewhere for the summer? Just for a change, Joe. You know that variety is the pepper, salt and allspice of life. If it wasn't for a lack of that common thing called money, even we would go and bask beside the silent sea and listen to what the wild waves are saying.

—Mr. Daniel Garman has plenty of space for the erection of an excellent opera house, and will probably build one to accommodate from 1000 to 1200 people. The space which he can give to it is 60 feet front by 140 in depth. The opera house proper will be on the first floor. There will be a large stage and a commodious parquet, while a spacious upper tier of seats or dress circle, can be included in the plan.

PROTECTION!

Was the Unanimous Sentiment of the Citizens in the Town Meeting.

To Defend Our Homes From the Work of the Incendiary.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED AND WHAT THEY CONTAIN.

Animated Discussion of Important Subjects.

At the call of the Chief Burgess and the summons of the Court House bell the citizens of Bellefonte met in the Court room on Saturday evening at 8 o'clock, prompted by the common and eager desire to take immediate and sufficient action to once and for all rid our beautiful borough from all danger by fire.

Major Spangler, the Burgess, presided, and Col. D. S. Keller was elected secretary. In his opening remarks the chairman stated the object of the meeting and said that at least two of the recent fires were known to be of incendiary origin. A committee consisting of L. L. Brown, James Milliken and District Attorney Meyer had been appointed at a citizens' meeting the previous afternoon to draft resolutions to present to this meeting and he requested the chairman, Mr. Brown to read them. They were adopted. Before the meeting ended a committee consisting of L. L. Brown, L. T. Munson and W. F. Reeder was appointed to present the resolutions to the borough council on Monday. They are as follows:

1st. *Resolved*, That we, the citizens of Bellefonte, in town meeting assembled, respectfully urge upon the borough council prompt and active measures to secure a sufficient night patrol for the protection of the lives and property of our citizens from maliciousness, lawlessness and incendiarism. And we would suggest to their consideration that under their provisions to that end, the execution and enforcing of such provisions shall be placed for the present under the authority of the Chief Burgess.

2nd. *Resolved*, That the Chief Burgess be instructed to appoint a vigilance committee of ten, of which he himself shall be chairman, who shall through the Chief Burgess co-operate with the council and the police for the better protection of the life and property of our citizens, and that the said committee shall be known personally only to the Chief Burgess.

3d. *Resolved*, That we commend to the council the adoption of an ordinance to organize the fire department of the Borough of Bellefonte under the provisions of a proposed ordinance herewith submitted.

At this juncture Mr. Meyer, by request, read the proposed ordinance, an outline of which is given elsewhere in this report.

4th. *Resolved*, That we commend to the council the purchase of a relief valve to be applied to the pump and to be used when the valves in the mains at the reservoir shall be closed, and that a complete test be made of the full strength and capacity of our present water pipes for a better supply of water to be pumped direct through the pipes in time of fires.

5th. *Resolved*, That we commend to the council, after the trial of the experiments recommended for the relief valve, if such shall be found in any manner insufficient for a greater supply of water, the purchase of a steam fire engine for the use of the borough.

6th. *Resolved*, That we commend to the council an early consideration and adoption of an ordinance to control the erection of more secure buildings under license from the council within the built-up portions of our borough, and the appointment of an Inspector to examine and report any insecure buildings that may be already erected:

7th. *Resolved*, That we unite in enjoining upon all citizens the duty of abstaining from contributions to professional tramps. Their vocation is a misdemeanor under our laws, and any encouragement extended to them is a wrong to society at large and begets a danger to life and property.

SOME LIVELY TALK.

These resolutions were read *seriatim*. The first was endorsed in able remarks by ex-Governor Curtin. He called attention to the fact that the business portion of Bellefonte is very compactly built. An added horror to the most recent fire was the fact that property was destroyed which the owners are not able to replace. When Judge Orvis was on the bench a man had been sent from here to the penitentiary for the crime of incendiarism. He denounced the crime in the most scathing terms. He advocated that the firemen be paid and placed in charge of a fire marshal. The city of Altoona was devastated by fires until its fire department was re-organized. It used to be the boast of Bellefonte that no building had ever been burned here. It was adopted.

Resolution No. 2 was discussed affirmatively by Mr. James Milliken. He did not consider it necessary to explain its meaning. Nearly every town must resort to measures of this kind sometime in its history and he moved the adoption of the resolution, which was carried without dissent.

The third resolution gave rise to an interesting discussion, in which H. D. Yerger, L. T. Munson, Geo. L. Potter, Hon. John H. Orvis and Hon. A. O. Furst took part. Mr. Yerger and Mr. Munson spoke as expert firemen. Mr. Potter explained that much of the material for it was secured from similar ordinances in other towns which he, as an underwriter, had procured. Judge Orvis saw fit to criticise one feature of it. Judge Furst deprecated such criticism as he said it could be placed in the hands of a committeee for revision. The fire department, to be made efficient, must be strengthened and increased. After relating an interesting experience while he was in the Logan House, Altoona, he paid an eloquent tribute to the voluntary fireman. The resolution was then adopted.

Resolutions Nos. 4 and 5 were a source of most animated expression of opinion by the following gentlemen: James Milliken H. D. Landis, W. F. Reeder, Ed. Chambers, William Shortlidge, D. F. Fortney, Judge Orvis, Governor Curtin, Judge Furst, D. S. Keller and Robert McKnight. Mr. Milliken advocated a test of the water by pumping into the pipes from the water station. He said there is no where a better supply of water than in Bellefonte. The town cannot contract a greater debt than it now has. Mr. Landis believes that such a test would burst the pipes and advocated the immediate purchase of a steamer. He spoke from the standpoint of a fireman of eighteen years experience. Mr. Chambers also feared the effect of the test on the pipes in private houses. Governor Curtin said that the engineer can pump 1,000 gallons per minute through the pipes. Mr. Reeder said that the effect of the test would be wreck of the pipes and a bill for damages against the borough.

Mr. Shortlidge was requested to discuss the subject and related experience of value, entering into some statistics. He believes that when there is a pressure of 100 pounds at the Bush House there must be equal pressure elsewhere. If the pressure of 100 pounds is continued water can be thrown over any building in the borough.

Mr. Fortney, who was the next speaker, urged the council to take action at once. Judge Orvis was the next orator and indulged in what we suppose he conceived to be a fine vein of irony at the expense of the council. Mr. McKnight stated that the engineer is now operating the pump from 15 to 18 hours per day. After some of the gentlemen already mentioned had spoken several times on the subject, sometimes with so much heat that it looked as if a Floquet-Boulanger affair might be the result, the resolutions were adopted as read.

The other resolutions were adopted as rapidly as read.

AN EMINENTLY PROPER ACTION

was the adoption of the following resolutions read by Mr. Isaac Mitchell:

Be it Resolved, That the thanks of this meeting of the citizens of the Borough of Bellefonte be tendered to the Neptune Fire Company of Tyrone, which so promptly came to the aid of our citizens during the disastrous fire of Thursday, the 12th inst. That we hold these firemen in grateful remembrance for their kind and generous action.

Resolved, That to the Hon. S. S. Blair, Superintendent of the Tyrone Division of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, through whose action free transportation was accorded these firemen and their steamer, the thanks of this meeting are also due.

THE ORDINANCE,

which accompanied the resolutions first defines that the fire department shall consist of the Fire and Police committee of council, a chief and two assistants, together with the fire companies.

Sections 2, 3 and 4 relate to the election of Chief and assistants, which is to be by delegates from the several companies.

They shall hold office for one year; can, for just cause, be removed by council, who, in that case, shall select their successors, and must be sworn to faithfully fulfill their duties.

The Chief or his next assistant can suspend a fireman for insubordination and with the borough police, shall pervent any interference on the part of disinterested parties, making arrests if necessary.

Section 9 includes a provision for a careful fire record, an inspection of fire apparatus and two annual reports to council.

The Chief and his assistants may make rules to govern the work over which they have control, and each company shall select five members to be a safety committee to have charge of property taken from fires. This committee shall also be sworn to perform its duties.

The 13th and final section prescribes when fire companies may be allowed to leave town. A suggestion is added that the Fire Marshall shall inspect buildings and see that all unsafe features are removed therefrom, and prohibit the erection of wooden cornices on brick structures.

—The condition in which Col. McFarlane was placed during the last fire was not as pleasant as could be imagined. He has sleeping apartments—bachelor headquarters—in Crider's building. When the alarm was given he stepped outside the door to see where the fire was, when the door of his bedroom closed behind him, the dead latch snapping shut. His key was in his trousers pocket inside the room. When he realized that all his other clothing was also inside the room, and he locked out his situation can be better imagined than described. How he again effected an entrance and procured something to wear, we are not informed; but it is safe to say that he will be more careful of consequences next time he emerges outside his room, *en deshabille*.

REORGANIZATION.

New Policemen, New Ordinance and a Fire Marshall.

EVERY MEMBER OF BOROUGH COUNCIL PRESENT.

REWARD OFFERED FOR THE ARREST OF INCENDIARIES.

MINOR BUSINESS MATTERS ATTENDED TO.

Every member of council was in his place on Monday evening. The committee to present the town meeting resolutions put in appearance and, without circumlocation, Mr. L. L. Brown, the chairman, stepped forward to perform that duty, preceding his reference to the resolutions with the report that the committee of citizens and council, in their recent visit to Philadelphia, to meet the officials of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, were cordially received and that the signs indicate an early commencement of a depot building.

After reading the resolutions he suggested that a committee of nine gentlemen be appointed to prepare an ordinance providing for a properly organized fire department, the committee to consist of three members of council, three citizens and three firemen—one from each company.

W. F. Reeder, Esq., made remarks on the subject to the effect that he had not given the ordinance a careful and close inspection. He is satisfied that it is imperfect. The object, however, is to create a fire department with a fire marshall, who shall be clothed with the proper police authority. He hoped the council would follow the suggestion.

Burgess Spangler stated his concurence in the proceedings thus far and explained that the town meeting was called on the best and purest motives so far as he was concerned. He did not approve of the criticisms of council made on that occasion. Council would please take these suggestions and in the pursuance of their duty, thankless even when well done, carry out as many of them as shall seem practicable. He desired the council to increase the police force to the extent of four, and he would appoint them as a night patrol. If private firms employ a watchman, why should not the borough guard the property under its control? Chairman Brew, while he protested against insulting language used on Saturday evening, stated that the council are ready and willing to do what is considered best. They realize the necessity for action.

These suggestions were readily adopted by council and the following gentlemen constitute the committee who will meet this evening at 7.30 o'clock in Burgess Spangler's office to prepare the ordinance and will report to a special meeting of council to be held on Thursday evening.

Representing the fire companies—L. T. Munson, of Hook and Ladder Company; Thomas Shaughensey, of Logan Hose Company, and Ed Brown, Jr., of the Undine Hose Company.

Representing the Citizens—Col. D. S. Keller, D. F. Fortney and F. W. Crider.

Representing the Council—George L. Potter, Robert Hepburn and Robert Cole.

It being necessary to appoint a fire marshal to act until the time the ordinance goes into effect, a resolution to that effect was adopted and three nominations made, viz., H. D. Yerger, L. T. Munson and Amos Mullen. Mr. Munson was elected.

The following resolution was offered and adopted: *Resolved*, that the Chief Burgess be authorized to offer a reward of $300 for the apprehension, arrest and conviction of the person or persons who have been setting fire to property in this town.

A secret session was held after the usual business at which, we suppose, a vigilance committee was chosen and other measures adopted to afford fire protection.

LESS IMPORTANT BUSINESS.

The Water committee reported everything under their superintendence in good condition. The pump is now almost as good as new.

Market committee reported $8.50 receipts.

The people in the vicinity of the electric light works have already petitioned to have the blowing of the alarm whistle cease except in the event of fire, it being the custom to test it once or twice a day. So the Fire and Police committee will instruct the superintendent of the electric light station accordingly.

Mr. Potter made formal report of the visit to Philadelphia. The Railroad company are ready to accord all advantages possible and will soon send their chief engineer to Bellefonte.

The petition relative to an ordinance to prevent cows from monopolizing the streets was called up. Mr. Potter moved the preparation of such an ordinance, but the motion was lost. He then moved that the subject be submitted to the decision of the people at the Spring election which was unanimously acceded to.

The petition to reinstate Joshua Folk on the police force was denied, beause to do so would conflict with the usual manner of appointing police, and with the action already taken.

A committee of members of council and citizens was appointed to examine into the effect on the pipes of proposed test and that the committee report to the special meeting of council to be held on Thursday evening.

Personal Pencilings.

Mr. James Milliken has returned from Philadelphia.

Miss Blanche Kane, of this place is spending, a few days at Atlantic City.

Mr. Frank Mullen, of Clearfield, is visiting his sister, Mrs. Benner Graham.

Clement Dale, Esq., wife and child came home on Friday from Philadelphia.

Mr. W. B. Rankin and daughter, Miss Lillie, came home on Thursday evening from Clearfield.

Mrs. William P. Wilson departed last week to spend a brief period at some of the summer resorts.

Mr. Ed. Long came all the way east from the State of Wisconsin to visit friends in Aaronsburg.

Miss Millie Smith, of Bellefonte, is the guest of Miss May Burley, of this place. —Tyrone *Daily Herald*.

Miss Mardie Forster, daughter of Major Forster, of Harrisburg, is visiting relatives and friends here.

Master Ed. Hoy sprained his ankle while out with the camping party and was brought home last morning.

Miss Conger, daughter of Senator Conger, of Michigan, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Hilton, in Lock Haven.

Miss Mollie Long, recently a fair compositor in the *Centre Democrat* office, has returned from a visit to friends in Virginia.

Titus Gramley, of Rebersburg, and C. A. Krape, of Spring Mills, have become partners in the creamery at the latter place.

Richard Beaston, of Tyrone Castle, No. 79, K. G. E., has been appointed Deputy Grand Chief of the order, vice F. A. Harris, resigned.

Miss Edith Cox and Miss Dosia Bathurst of Roland, and Mrs. John Meyer of this place, were pleasant callers at this office Thursday.

Mr. Eyler, who represents the People's Insurance Company, is again giving Bellefonte and vicinity the benefit of his agreeable presence.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hill, of Philadelphia, arrived on Monday evening, with their infant son, to visit at the home of Mr. F. C. Richard.

Mrs. Stone, of Coatesville, Pa., and Mrs. Field, wife of Rev. Mr. Field, of the same place, are the guests of Mrs. Wilkinson, on Spring street.

Mr. Pack Cowdrick has provided himself with a large quantity of coal which he hopes will infuse some warmth into the Democratic campaign.

Mr. R. A. Beck very much delighted Gen. W. H. Blair and his wife, a few mornings ago, with an artistic serenade, executed as Mr. Beck alone is capable of doing it.

The persons who went from Bellefonte to Renovo as delegates of the Good Templar lodge are Miss Straub, Miss Fannie Twitmire, Messrs. Cleven Dinges and Cal. Ray.

Chief Burgess Spangler is decidedly of the opinion that he will try his hand in the capacity of an actual chief burgess for awhile, just to see how much fun there is in the position.

Mr. William Brenner, of Philadelphia, is visiting his brother-in-law, Mr. Clell. Bamford, in this place. Mr. Brenner formerly lived here and his many friends will be glad to meet him.

C. M. Bower thanks the many friends who so kindly assisted him at the fire. The loss of his library cannot be represented in dollars and cents as it included many volumes of special value.

Mrs. Orvis, wife of Judge John H. Orvis, and her daughter, Miss Carrie, went on Saturday to Ebensburg, where there is a popular summer resort. Miss Annie Orvis has been there for some time.

Prof. Geo. P. Bible and wife came to town from Lock Haven on Wednesday evening and are guests at Mr. Frank Bible's home. George witnessed the fire and is satisfied that in conflagrations we can give Lock Haven big odds and then get ahead of her.

During the past fortnight Miss Devling, the cashier for the Centre Iron Co., and Miss Thomazine Potter, stenographer for the same firm, in company with Mr. and Mrs. Hart, have been making a tour of the fashionable resorts—Boston, Providence, Newport, Narragansett Pier, etc. They returned on last Saturday from this delightful trip, enraptured with its pleasures and benefited by the recreation which it afforded.

Mrs. Natt, widow of Rev. George W. Natt, a long time ago the Episcopal rector in this place, is a guest of Miss Natt on Curtin street. Her visit at this time has additional interest and even a shade of sadness from the fact that from the residence where she is a guest she could see the Episcopal church and also her home of fifty years ago being destroyed by fire. The church was completed in the Spring of 1838 and the rectory built a few years thereafter. They resided in it about six years. Mrs. Natt's present home is in Philadelphia.

Personal Pencilings.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Garman are visiting in Philipsburg.

Mr. Will Brew is visiting his brother, H. C. Brew, in Tyrone.

Sam M. Graham, of Philipsburg, is spending part of this week in Bellefonte.

Miss Sadie Miller, of Half Moon, this county, is visiting her sister, Mrs. T. Gates, in Tyrone.

Mr. Dix, of Dayton, Ohio, spent Sunday with his family here at the home of Mr. L. T. Munson.

Dr. and Mrs. Shaffner of Philadelphia, are in Bellefonte, the guests Mr. J. V. Thomas and family.

Clem Dale, Esq., conducted the Y. M. C. A. meeting on Sunday afternoon and it was of unusual interest.

J. B. Kunz has purchased the *Centre Democrat* bookbindery and will hereafter conduct it in his own name.

Mr. Barton, of Williamsport, arrived on Saturday evening and is a guest at the residence of Mr. W. B. Maitland.

Master Fred Knowles and Miss Margery Knowles, of Richmond, Va., are visiting Mr. Teller at the Bush House.

Mrs. Samuel Reynolds and family, of Lancaster, are contributing their attractive presence to the sumptuous home of Major William Reynolds.

Mr. Crissman, of the Buffalo Run Railroad, is excavating for the foundation of what is to be quite a large residence next to Mr. Gerberich's house on Thomas street.

Mr. Mitchell Cunningham has been chosen to represent the Logan Hose Company at the National Firemen's Convention to be held in Shamokin on the 21st, 22d and 23d of September.

Mr. John P. Shaughensey, who has been at work during all the past season in a glass factory in Cleveland, New York, is at home again. He learned the trade in the factory here. He is a son of Street Commissioner Thomas Shaughensey.

Misses Annie and Carrie Valentine, daughters of Mrs. Reuben Valentine, departed Tuesday morning to spend the remainder of the summer season with Miss Catherine Weed Barnes, at Nantucket Island, where Mrs. Valentine will join them in August.

Rev. George W. Miller, D. D., several years ago pastor of the Methodist church in this place, has a cottage in Asbury Park, where he and his family are spending the summer. He goes to Kansas City to take charge of the Independence Avenue church, in October next. He is in good health and will devote part of his time this summer to lecturing in the summer resorts.

Mr. Fred Reynolds and his brother, Samuel, started on Tuesday last on horseback from Lancaster and arrived here at noon on Saturday, having traveled the entire distance in that way. The only time their trip was interrupted was during the heavy rain on Thursday afternoon. They say that they were not greatly fatigued by the journey and will probably return to Lancaster this week in the same way.

Mrs. Lizzie Steinkirchner, of Newton, Kansas, has put us under obligations to her for several copies of Kansas newspapers. They are excellent journals and show that the editors of the western Empire state are alive to the demands of the time in preparing literature for the people. Mrs. Steinkirchner is a former resident of Bellefonte and despite the attractions of the West never loses her affection for old Bellefonte.

Our Hat off to S. S. Blair and the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

Chief Burgess J. L. Spangler has been greatly pleased to receive a letter and a receipted bill from S. S. Blair, Superintendent of the Tyrone Division of the Pennsylvania Railroad. They speak volumes in favor of Mr. Blair and the excellent road which he superintends and it is not the first time that similar favors have been received from him. They are as follows:

LETTER,

PENN'A RAILROAD, TYRONE DIVISION,
Office of the Superintendent.
TYRONE, PA., July 17, 1888.

J. L. SPANGLER, Esq.,
Burgess, Bellefonte, Pa.

Dear Sir:

Please find herewith enclosed receipted bill for transportation furnished the Neptune Fire Co. and Engine from Tyrone to Bellefonte and return, as per your request. I am glad to be able to say that our General Superintendent has directed me to furnish you this transportation free. I herewith enclose you, as directed by him, a receipted bill for the service. Yours truly,

S. S. BLAIR, Superintendent

BILL.

TYRONE, PA., July 17, 1888.

BURGESS, Bellefonte,
To PENN'A. R. R. Co., *Dr.*,
per S. S. Blair.

July 12, 1888. For transportation of the Neptune Fire Company and engine Tyrone to Bellefonte $50.

Received payment,
S. S. BLAIR, Superintendent.

—Mr. Henry Ryman, of Milesburg, voted for William Henry Harrison for President in 1840. Mr. John McGinley, a gentleman aged 93 years, living in the same place, was also a Harrison voter at that time.